LIFE, FIRE & MARINE
INSURANCE COVERS
are arranged by
THE UNION LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.
Fort, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Karachi, Ahmedabad Baroda, Surat, Delhi, Nagpur, Belgaum, Kolhapur, Secunderabad, Madras and Colombo (Ceylon).

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 292 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1945 Price: 2 Annas

PAST TACT—
PRESENT ACT—
ASSURE YOUR FUTURE IN FACT
INSURE AND BE SECURE
VASANT
INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
ASHOK H. KAJI
Managing Director

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Congress Charter Of Indian Independence

Picture Of Azad Hind In Election Manifesto

CO-OPERATIVE COMMONWEALTH TO BE STATE STRUCTURE

Indictment Of 150 Years Of British Rule

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

The Congress election manifesto has been issued today. The manifesto says that in these general elections only one thing counts, "the freedom and independence of our motherland, from which all other freedoms will flow to our people.

Many a time the people of India have taken the pledge of independence. That pledge has yet to be redeemed, and the well-beloved cause for which it stands and which has summoned us so often, still beckons us. The time is coming when we shall redeem it in full."

The election, continues the Manifesto, "is a small test for us, a preparation for greater things to come. Let all those who care and long for freedom and the independence of India meet this test with strength and confidence and march together to the Free India of our dreams".

AN EXPLANATION

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11 (A.P.I.): A statement issued by the Congress Working Committee on the Election Manifesto says:

"The All-India Congress Committee at its meeting held in Bombay in September last resolved that a Manifesto containing the policy and programme of the Congress for the information of the public and the guidance of the Congress candidates in the forthcoming general elections be prepared by the Working Committee and placed before the A.-I.C.C. for consideration and adoption.

Further it authorised the Working Committee to issue an earlier manifesto for the Central Assembly elections. Accordingly this latter election manifesto has already been issued to the public.

The Working Committee regret that owing to the nearness of the General Elections in the Provinces it is not feasible now to hold a meeting of the A.I.C.C. in the near future to consider the fuller manifesto, as contemplated by the A.-I.C.C. They have, therefore themselves prepared this manifesto and issued it for the information of the public and guidance of Congress candidates."

TEXT OF MANIFESTO

The following is the text of the manifesto:

For sixty years the National Congress has laboured for the freedom of India. During this long span of years its history has been the history of the Indian people, straining at the leash that has held them in bondage, ever trying to loose themselves from it. From small beginnings it has progressively grown and spread in this vast country carrying the message of freedom to the masses of our people in the towns as well as the remotest villages. From these masses it has gained power and strength and developed into a mighty organisation, the living and vibrant symbol of India's will be FREEDOM and INDEPENDENCE. From generation to generation it has dedicated itself to this sacred cause, and in its name and under its banner innumerable countrymen and countrywomen of ours have laid down their lives and undergone sufferings in order to redeem the pledge they had taken. By service and sacrifice it has enshrined itself in the hearts of our people; by its refusal to submit to any dishonour to our nation it has built up a powerful movement of resistance to foreign rule.

THROUGH STORM AND STRESS

The career of the Congress has been one of both constructive effort for the good of the people and of unceasing struggle to gain freedom. In this struggle it has faced numerous crises and come repeatedly into direct conflict with the armed might of a great Empire. Following peaceful methods, it has not only survived these conflicts but has gained new strength from them. After the recent three years of an unprecedented mass upheaval and its cruel and ruthless suppression, the Congress has risen stronger than ever and become more loved by the people by whom it has stood through storm and stress.

The Congress has stood for equal rights and opportunities for every citizen of India, man or woman. It has stood for the unity of all communities and religious groups and for tolerance and goodwill between them. It has stood for full opportunities for the people as a whole to grow the develop according to their own wishes and genius; it has also stood for the freedom of each group and territorial area within

(Continued on Page 2.)

BENGAL CENTRAL BANK LTD.

ESTD. 1918

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

1. J. C. DAS, Esqr., B. Sc. (U.S.A.), R.A., Chairman and Managing Director.
2. SHIBCHANDRA BANARJEE, Esqr., Mg. Director, Hindusthan Construction Co. Ltd., Director, Premier Constructions Co. Ltd., Indian Hume Pipe Co. Ltd., Acme Manufacturing Co. Ltd., Aundra Cement Co. Ltd., Metal Corporation of India Ltd., Etc.
3. I. B. SEN, Esqr., President, Bengal National Chambers of Commerce—Deputy Chairman.
4. B. N. CHATURVEDI Esqr., President, Calcutta Stock Exchange Association.
5. S. K. Sen, Esq., B. L.
6. Dr. R. AHMED, D.Ds., F.I.C.D. (U.S.A.)
7. RAM CHANDRA SEIT, Esqr., B.L.
8. J. M. DUTT, Esqr., M.Sc., ex-President, Calcutta Stock Exchange Association.
9. S. M. BOSE, Esqr., M.Sc. (UNIV. of California, U.S.A.). Mg. Director, Bengal Waterproof Works (1940) Ltd.

POSITION AS ON 23RD NOVEMBER, 1945.

Paid up Capital and Reserve		Rs. 79,02,302
Deposits		Rs. 8,49,78,466
Cash and Bank Balances	Rs. 1,19,31,037	
Market value of Securities	„ 6,21,67,393	Rs. 7,40,98,430

Which is 87% of Deposits.

Market value of securities exceeds Book-value by about Rs. 21,23,000

A SAFE HOME FOR DEPOSIT.
●Every Type of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted.
●Branches and Agencies all over India.

BOMBAY BRANCH: 10, Churchgate Street, Fort.
Mr. J. P. KATGARA, J.P., Local Director.
SANJIBAN BANERJI, Bombay Branch Manager.

ANGLO-U. S. INQUIRY ON PALESTINE

Bevin Announces Personnel Of Committee

LONDON, Dec. 10 (Reuter): Judges, journalists, members of Parliament and former American Ambassador to Rome, Mr. William Phillips are members of the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry on Palestine which was announced in the House of Commons to-day by Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin.

The Committee, which Mr. Bevin, said, had been requested by the British and the American Governments to furnish a report,

Within 120 days of inception of inquiry is as follows: Judge Joseph Hutchinson of Texas, American Chairman; Justice Singleton of King's Bench Division, British Chairman; Dr. Frank A. Delote, Director of the Institute for Advanced Study at Princeton and American Secretary of the Rhodes Trust, Mr. Frant Buxton, Editor of "Boston Herald", Mr. W. P. Crick, Economic Adviser to the Midland Bank.

Mr. R. H. Crossman, Labour member of Parliament for East Coventry and Assistant Editor of the Left-wing Weekly "New Statesman"; Mr. O. Max Gardiner, former Governor of North Carolina; Sir Frederick Leggett, until recently Deputy Secretary to the Ministry of Labour and National Service; Dr. G. MacDonald, former High Commissioner for Refugees; Mr. R. Manningham Buller, Conservative Member of Parliament for North Tottenham and the Hon. Mr. William Phillips, former American Ambassador in Rome.

Mr. Bevin said the procedure of the Committee would be determined by the Committee.

HANDS OFF PALESTINE

Arab League Call To U. S. A.

CAIRO, Dec. 11. (A.P.A.): A high committee consisting of all Arab parties in Palestine issued a statement today to the effect that the Palestine question is one between Great Britain and Palestine and that the United States has no right to interfere.

The statement was released by Emile Bey El Ghory, member of the committee, on the eve of the Pan-Arab League meeting at which Palestineans for the first time will have a vote. Previously, Palestine was not officially a member of the League.

ANNIHILATION BY MASS POISONING

Indonesian Leader's Threat

BATAVIA, Dec. 11. (A.P.A.): Indonesian nationalist leader Soetomo today threatened retaliation by mass poisonings if any more forceful measures were taken by the British and Dutch to cope with disorders in Java.

Speaking from a radio station near Sourabaya, Soetomo declared:

"The Dutch are boasting that they soon will bring in 40,000 soldiers. What of it. We are determined to annihilate them even if we have to poison them to death.

"We have 70,000,000 behind us. It is an easy task for us to get rid of 100,000 or 200,000 enemies by poison."

BATAM PASSES INTO MUSLIM HANDS

BATAVIA, Dec. 11. (Reuter): Extremists have killed all Indonesian Government officials at the residency at Batam, between Singapore and the east coast of Sumatra, and the Island has passed into Moslem control, the Dutch newspaper "Het Dagbald" alleged today.

STOP PRESS

GEN. PATTON RALLYING.

HEIDELBERG, Dec. 11 (Reuter): Gen. George S. Patton is reported to be rallying with some improvement from paralysis. Mrs. Patton is by his bedside.

AZAD'S LATEST.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11, (A. P. I.): Maulana Azad's latest literary work is a volume containing his letters to his friends. It is learnt that it will be published shortly.

END OF FOOD CONTROL IN BENGAL.

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11, (A. P. I.): The Food Grains Control Order 1942 shall cease to be in force in Bengal with effect from the 13th December, 1945, says a "Gazette of India" Extraordinary.

"Quit India"

I. C. S. Officer Justifies It!

MALKAPUR, Dec. 11. (U. P. I.): Mr. Rowley, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Buldana, addressing a large gathering yesterday morning said: "Times have completely changed, I am not to rule here but to serve. India demands, we should quit. The demand is just, as for myself I will quit if I cannot serve you. Before this some of us have no doubt behaved arrogantly, but times taught another lesson. Now no one can be arrogant. I fully sympathise with your demands. In no other country has such hospitality as we get here. We must be and will be ever grateful to India".

CONGRESS VICTORY IN FRONTIER

Khan Abdul Ghani Defeats Khaksar Candidate

PESHAWAR, Dec. 10, (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Ghani Khan, Congress candidate, was declared elected to the Central Assembly today defeating the Khaksar candidate, Mr. Mohammad Akbar Qureshi.

Khan Abdul Ghani secured 8159 votes as against his rival's 5386 and 66 votes were declared invalid.

Congress Bags West Coast Seat

CALICUT, Dec. 11. (A.P.I.): Mr. K. Karunakara Menon, the Congress candidate, was declared elected to the Central Assembly from West Coast Non-Muhammedan Rural Constituency with a thumping majority.

Out of 15,337 votes the Congress candidate secured 14,819 as against 217 secured by Mr. Nagarajiah (Hindu Mahasabha). Mr. Karunakara Menon was a member of the Madras Assembly.

ANOTHER CONGRESS VICTORY

VIZAGAPATAM, Dec. 10. (A.P.I.): Mr. Nyapathi Narayanamurthi (Congress) has been declared elected to the Central Assembly today from the Ganjam-Cum Vizagapatam Non-Muhammedan Constituency.

Mr. Murthi secured 26,740 votes as against 2,321 and 323 secured by his rivals, Mr. Harikishen Sahu (Hindu Mahasabh) and Rao Bahdur Pattabhirama Reddi (Independent) respectively, both of who forefeited their deposits 298 votes were invalid.

LEAGUER ELECTED TO ASSEMBLY

CALICUT, Dec. 10, (A.P.I.): Haji Abdul Sattar Essak Sait, Member, Council of the All-India Muslim League, has been declared elected to the Central Legislative Assembly from the West Coast Mohammedan Constituency securing 6,300 votes against 632 polled by Mr. Palat Kunhikoya, Nationalist Muslim candidate. Invalid votes numbered 320.

Congress Parliamentary Board Meeting

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11 (U.P.I.): The Congress Central Parliamentary Board meets to-morrow at the residence of the Congress President at 11 a.m.

The Constitution Sub-Committee of the Congress Working Committee is meeting on December 13.

Congress Bid For Majority In Assam Assembly

GAUHATI (Assam), Dec. 11. (A. P. I.): The Congress has won 12 out of 47 General and Scheduled Castes seats in the Assam Assembly without contest, according to the latest information available here. Congress candidates for three more General seats are also likely to go without contest, but the final results for these constituencies are still awaited.

TWO CONGRESS GAINS

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11. (U.P.I.): Mr. Basant Kumar Das and Mr. Gopesh Chandra Pal, both Congress candidates from the Sylhet constituencies have been returned unopposed to the Assam Legislative Assembly according to a telegram received by Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy.

Congress Bags Two Seats

SHILLONG, Dec. 11 (U.P.I.): Mr. Bijaya Chandra Bhagwati and Mr. Amiya Kumar Das, both Congress candidates, were declared elected to the Assam Legislative Assembly from the Tezpur East and West General Constituencies respectively.

The Congress has captured three general seats in the Assam Assembly out of five from the Gauhati Sub-Division without contest.

SCALING DOWN STERLING DEBT TO SUIT BRITAIN

"India May Be Asked To Make Substantial Concessions"

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11 (A.P.I.): Representative non-official Indians are likely to be included in the Indian delegation which will negotiate with the British Government a settlement of the blocked sterling balances as a sequel to the Anglo-American financial agreement concluded last week.

Enquiries made by an A.P.I. correspondent show that the Finance Member, Sir Archibald Rowlands is fully alive to the difficulty of any but a National Government undertaking these negotiations and coming to a settlement, but that as perhaps the only practicable alternative in the present constitutional position, he proposes to associate non-official Indian opinion at every stage. It is not known when the negotiations will begin, but presumably not till after the Budget Session of the Central Legislature.

The intention, it is gathered, is that the delegation should leave India with an estimate of the goods and services that she is likely to require from abroad from year to year. On the basis of this estimate, the delegation will ask for immediate releases of dollar as well as of sterling sufficient to meet her needs.

It is pointed out that India's absorptive capacity as regards capital goods from abroad in the years immediately ahead is not so large as is popularly believed. Tentative estimates based on pre-war imports and making liberal allowances for expansion during and after the war, place the value of goods likely to be required by India in the next year or two at not more than 250 crores.

It is not thought that immediate release of this order will be difficult to secure from the British Government; but India may in return be asked to make substantial concessions as regards the funding of a portion of her sterling balances and as regards adjustment of the whole debt so as to bring it within the limitation of Great Britain's capacity to repay.

WILL WAVELL MAKE THEM QUIT?

Speculations About Future Of Viceroy's Council

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 11.

"Will Lord Wavell fix a date for the dissolution of the present Executive Council?" This is a question that is being debated here. Political observers believe that he will do it, and the present members of the Viceroy's Council will be asked to retire on May 31. Wavell, it is pointed out, is more anxious about the interim arrangement without which a long term settlement might be impossible. That is why His Excellency emphasised the interim aspect of constitutional progress in his Calcutta speech yesterday.

Political observers hold that quit the present members of the Council is more important than even "Quit India". The date for their quitting, if fixed, would inspire confidence that Wavell is serious, means business and that he would set up new Councillors on June 1, and any party refusing to come in would go so at its own risk. This incidentally is likely to make chances settlement easier.

Agatha Harrison For India

LONDON, Dec. 11. (Reuter): Miss Agatha Harrison, who was a companion of Gandhiji for many years in South Africa and India, left London by air to-day on her fifth visit to India.

Miss Harrison hopes to stay in India for three months and will attend All-India Women's Conference.

AUSSIES IN COLOMBO

COLOMBO, Dec. 11. (A.P.I.). The Australian cricketers arrived here today. They are leaving for Kandy tomorrow for sight-seeing. On Thursday will begin the three day match.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH).

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.

Previous Closing	24.60
To-day's Opening	24.62
Difference	+02
To-day's Closing	24.71
Difference	+11

NIGHT QUOTATIONS PRIVATE TRADING.

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

	Rs. as.
Silver	133 10
Gold	81 3
Cotton	425 8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.

Stock Exchange opening prices:—General Motors dol. 77 1/8. Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 47. Steel Corporation (Common) dol. 84 7/8. U. S. Steel Corporation Preference unquoted.

Congress Re-affirms Non-Violence Creed

SYMPATHY FOR I. N. A. IS NO DEVIATION FROM POLICY

Protest Against Use Of Indian Troops In Java And Refusal Of Passport To Nehru

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11. (A.P.I.)

The five-day session of the Congress Working Committee ended at 5 P. M. today after passing the "most important resolution" in the words of the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, "on the Congress creed of non-violence".

During the five days' session, the Committee held in all nine sittings, seven of which were held in the Congress President's house and two at Mahatma Gandhi's hut at the Sodepur camp.

RESOLUTIONS

Mahatma Gandhi attended three sittings.

The Committee dealt with a number of important questions, including the Congress Election Manifesto and before concluding its session passed a comprehensive resolution drafted by Mahatma Gandhi, reaffirming the Congress creed of non-violence and emphasising the need for Congressmen strictly to adhere to the non-violent creed in their struggle for political freedom.

NON-VIOLENCE REAFFIRMED

The following is the text of the resolution on non-violence:—

"After the arrest of the principal Congressmen in August of 1942, the unguided masses took the reins in their own hands and acted almost spontaneously. If many acts of heroism and sacrifice are to their credit, there were acts done which could not be included in non-violence.

It is, therefore, necessary for the Working Committee to affirm for the guidance of all concerned that the policy of non-violence adopted in 1920 the Congress continues unabated and that such non-violence does not include burning of public property, cutting of telegraph wires, derailing trains and intimidation.

"The Working Committee is of opinion that the policy of non-violence as detailed in the Congress resolution of 1920 since expanded and explained from time to time, and action in accordance with it has raised India to a height never attained before.

"The Working Committee is further of opinion that the constructive activities of the Congress, beginning with the spinning wheel and Khadi as the centre, are emblematic of the policy of non-violence and that every other Congress activity, including what is known as the Parliamentary programme, is subservient to and designed to promote the constructive

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 4.)

SINO-SOVIET PACT ON MANCHURIA

CHUNGKING, Dec. 11. (A.P.A.): The Chinese Central News Agency reported to-day that Moscow and Chungking have completed an agreement on problems concerning the flying of Chinese Government troops into Manchuria.

Russian military authorities were said to have agreed to give protection to Central Government troops whenever they land in Manchuria and assured Chungking that the taking over of the provincial administrations would go on smoothly.

CHUNGKING, Dec. 11, (Reuter): Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek today dismissed and ordered "appropriate punishment" for General Kwang Lincheng, Garrison Commander of Yunnan Province, for mishandling the Kunming student incidents

DO YOU WANT CEMENT?

YES! YOU CAN GET IT AGAIN NOW

If the quantity you require is not a very large one you can even get it

WITHOUT A PERMIT!

Furthermore for all ACC and DALMIA brands of CEMENT the

PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED

by Rs. 5 per ton from 1st November, 1945.

For further particulars apply to the local Stockists, Agents or Branch Offices or direct to

THE CEMENT MARKETING CO. OF INDIA, LTD.

You will have seen from recent Govt. Press Notes that other essential building materials such as BRICKS, SAND, etc. are also being released.

CMI DISTRIBUTORS OF ACC & DALMIA CEMENTS

Wonderful Remedies

GREY HAIR

Don't use dyes! Use our Ayurvedic scented oil and let your grey hairs turn black up to 60 years. Your eyesight will be improved and headache cured. If a few hairs has turned grey, then buy a phial for Rs. 2|8|-, if more, then buy a phial for Rs. 3|8|-, if almost all, then purchase one phial for Rs. 5'-. Double price will be refunded in case of failure.

WHITE LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

A few days' application of this medicine will show wonderful effect in White Leprosy and Leucoderma. Get rid of these horrible diseases by application of this medicine in spite of failure by hundreds of Hakims, Doctors, Kavirajs and advertisers. Price Rs. 2|8|- for 15 days.

MRITUNJAY SUDHA AUSHADHALAY,
(101) Hazaribagh.

He knows there is nothing to beat good old Castor Oil for keeping fit and healthy. But who likes its taste? CASTOPHENE is pure Castor Oil in chocolate form. It is non-habit forming and gentle in action. Children don't protest! Sold everywhere.

CASTOPHENE

CASTOPHENE MFG. CO. KARACHI

Tata's Eau de Cologne 80°

in a Special Christmas Pack

THE IDEAL Christmas Present FOR EVERYONE

A TATA PRODUCT

The Tata Oil Mills Company Limited

MATERIALS COST MONEY

Every day special supplies are being made in thousands by Workparties in India, parties of voluntary women who give their time to making essentials for the Indian Red Cross. The contribution of all the Red Cross working groups throughout India is immense. The Indian Red Cross and St. John has used millions of yards of material every year. Their work is a generous and most valuable contribution in kind to the requirements of this Organisation. Although war has ended, we cannot forget the gallant men who have made victory possible, and who now lie sick and wounded in hospital. Our work for them must go on.

The reports of 701 of our Workparties showed that in the six months ending March last no less than 10,95,000 articles were made. The list included Hospital clothing and ward accessories, bandages and surgical dressings, operation stockings and bed socks, woollen clothes, pyjamas, sheets and many similar essential articles.

Give Generously to our Sick and Wounded Soldiers

THROUGH THE INDIAN RED CROSS

AAA 313

Congress Charter Of Indian Independence

(Continued from Page 1.)

the nation to develop its own life and culture within the larger framework, and it has stated that for this purpose such territorial areas or Provinces should be constituted, as far as possible, on a linguistic and cultural basis. It has stood for the rights of all those who suffer from social tyranny and injustice and for the removal for them of all barriers to equality.

FEDERATION OF INDIA

The Congress has envisaged a free, democratic State with the fundamental rights and liberties of all its citizens guaranteed in the Constitution. This Constitution, in its view, should be a Federal one with autonomy for its constituent units, and its legislative organs elected under universal adult franchise. The federation of India must be a willing Union of its various parts. In order to give the maximum of freedom to the Constituent Units there may be a minimum list of common and essential federal subjects which will apply to all units, and a further optional list of common subjects which may be accepted by such units as desire to do so.

FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

The Constitution shall provide for fundamental rights, among them the following.

1. Every citizen of India has the right of free expression of opinion, the right of free association and combination, and the right to assemble peacefully and without arms, for a purpose not opposed to law or morality.
2. Every citizen shall enjoy freedom of conscience and the right freely to profess and practise his religion, subject to public order and morality.
3. The culture, language and script of the minorities and of the different linguistic areas shall be protected.
4. All citizens are equal before the law, irrespective of religion, caste, creed or sex.
5. No disability attaches to any citizen by reason of his or her religion casts, creed or sex, in regard to public employment, office of power or honour, and in the exercise of any trade or calling.
6. All citizens have equal rights in regard to wells, tanks, roads, schools and places of public resort, maintained out of State or local funds, or dedicated by private persons for the use of the general public.
7. Every citizen has the right to keep and bear arms, in accordance with regulations and reservations made in that behalf.
8. No person shall be deprived of his liberty, nor shall his dwelling or property be entered, sequestered, or confiscated, save in accordance with law.
9. The State shall observe neutrality in regard to all religions.
10. The franchise shall be on the basis of universal adult suffrage.
11. The State provide for free and compulsory basic education.
12. Every citizen is free to move throughout India and to stay and settle in any part thereof, to follow any trade or calling and to be treated equally with regard to legal prosecution or protection in all parts of India.

The State shall further provide all necessary safeguards for the protection and the development of the backward or suppressed elements in the population, so that they might make rapid progress and take a full and equal part in national life. In particular, the State will help in the development of the people of the tribal areas in a manner most suited to their genius, and in the education and social and economic progress of the scheduled classes.

150 YEARS OF FOREIGN RULE

A hundred and fifty years and more of foreign rule have arrested the growth of the country and produced numerous vital problems that demand immediate solution. Intensive exploitation of the country and the people during this period has reduced the masses to the depths of misery and starvation. The country has not only been politically kept under subjection and humiliated, but has also suffered economic, social, cultural and spiritual degradation. During the years of war this process of exploitation by irresponsible authority in utter disregard of Indian interests and views, and an incompetence in administration reached a new height leading terrible famine and widespread misery. There is no way way to solving any of these urgent problems except through "freedom" and "independence." The content of political freedom must be both economic and social.

FOR THE MASSES

The most vital and urgent of India's problem is how to remove the curse of poverty and raise the standard of the masses. It is to the well-being of these masses that the Congress had directed its special attention and its constructive activities. It is by their well-being an advancement that it has judged every proposal and every change, and it has declared that anything that comes in the way of the good of the masses of our country must be removed. Industry and agriculture, the social services and public utilities, must be encouraged, modernised and rapidly extended in order to add to the wealth of the country and give it the capacity for self-growth, without dependence on others. But all this must be done with the primary object of benefiting the masses of our people and raising their economic, cultural and spiritual level, removing unemployment, and adding to the dignity of the individual.

CO-OPERATIVE COMMONWEALTH

For this purpose it will be necessary to plan and co-ordinate social advance in all its many fields, to prevent the concentration of wealth and power in the hands of individuals and groups, to prevent vested interests inimical to society from growing, and to have social control of the mineral resources, means of transport and the principal methods of production and distribution in land, industry and in other departments of national activity, so that Free India may develop into a Co-operative Commonwealth. The State must, therefore, own or control key and basic industries and services, mineral resources, railways, waterways, shipping and other means of public transport. Currency and exchange, banking and insurance, must be regulated in the national interest.

Though poverty is widespread in India, it is essentially a rural problem, caused chiefly by overpressure on land and lack of other wealth-producing occupations. India, under British Rule, has been progressively ruralised, many other avenues of work and employment closed, and a vast mass of the population thrown on the land, which has undergone continuous fragmentation, till a very large number of holdings have become uneconomic. It is essential, therefore, that the problem of the land should be dealt with in all its aspects. Agriculture has to be improved on scientific lines and industry has to be developed rapidly in its various forms—large-scale, medium and small so as not only to produce wealth, but also to absorb people from the land. In particular, cottage industries have to be encouraged, both as whole-time and part-time occupations. It is essential that in planning and the development of industry, while maximum wealth production for the community should be aimed at, it should be borne in mind that this is not done at the cost of creating fresh unemployment. Planning must lead to maximum employment, indeed to the employment of every able-bodied person. Landless labourers should have opportunities of work offered to them and be absorbed in agriculture or industry.

PROBLEM OF POVERTY

The reform of the land system, which is so urgently needed in India involves the removal of intermediaries between the peasant and the State. The rights of such intermediaries should, therefore, be acquired on payment of equitable compensation. While individualist farming or peasant proprietorship should continue, progressive agriculture as well as the creation of new social values and incentives require some system of co-operative farming suited to Indian conditions. Any such change can, however, be made only with the goodwill and agreement of the peasantry concerned. It is desirable, therefore, that experimental co-operative farms should be organised with State help in various parts of India. There should also be large State farms for demonstrative and experimental purposes.

LAND AND INDUSTRY

In the development of land and industry there has to be a proper integration and balance between rural and urban economy. In the past, rural economy has suffered, and the town and city have prospered at the cost of village. This has to be righted and an attempt made to equalise, so far as possible, the standards of life of town dwellers and villagers. Industry should not be concentrated in particular provinces, so as to give a balanced economy to each province, and it should be decentralized, as far as this is possible without sacrifice of efficiency.

Both the development of land and of industry, as well as the health and well-being of the people, require the harnessing and proper utilization of the vast energy that is represented by the great rivers of India, which is not only largely running to waste but is often the cause of great injury to the land and the people who live on it. River commissions should be constituted to undertake this task in order to promote irrigation and ensure an even and continuous supply of water, to prevent disastrous floods and soil erosion, to eradicate malaria, to develop hydro-electric power, and in other ways to help in raising the general standard of life, especially in the rural areas. The power resources of the country have to be developed rapidly in this and other ways in order to provide the necessary foundation for the growth of industry and agriculture.

SOCIAL SECURITY FOR ALL

Adequate arrangement should be made for the education of the masses with a view to raising them intellectually, economically, culturally and morally and to fit them for the new forms of work and services which will open out before them. Public health services which are essential for the growth of the nation should be provided for on the widest scale and in this, as in other matters, the needs of the rural areas should receive special attention. These should include special provisions for maternity and child welfare.

Conditions should thus be created in which every individual has an equal opportunity for advance in every field of national activity and there is social security for all.

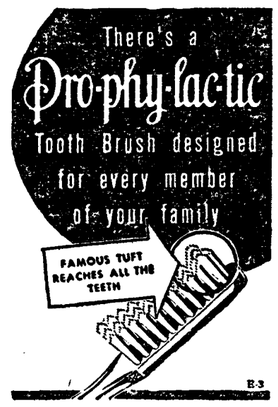
SCIENCE AND LIFE

Science in its innumerable fields of activity has played an ever-increasing part in influencing and moulding human life and will do so in even greater measure in the future. Industrial, agricultural and cultural advance, as well as national defence, depend upon it. Scientific research is, therefore, a basic and essential activity of the State and should be organized and encouraged on the widest scale.

In regard to labour, the State shall safeguard the interests of industrial workers and shall secure for them a minimum wage and a decent standard of living, proper housing, hours of work and conditions of labour in conformity, as far as economic conditions in the country permit, with international standards, suitable machinery for the settlement of disputes between employers and workmen, and protection against the economic consequences of old age, sickness and unemployment. Workers shall have the right to form Unions to protect their interests.

Rural indebtedness has in the past crushed the agricultural population, and though, owing to various causes in recent years this has grown less, the burden still continues and must be removed, cheap credit must be made available through co-operatives. Co-operatives should also be organised for other purposes both in rural and urban areas. In particular, industrial co-operatives should be encouraged as being especially suited

(Continued on Page 7.)



IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT FOR
MILLS & GIN FACTORIES

THE STAR ROPE WORKS

Can Now Undertake Orders
For their Special Type of

"VENUS" & "JUPITER"

ENGINE DRIVING COTTON ROPES

CARD, SPINDLE & BUNDLE BANDINGS, TWINES, ETC.

AGENTS & STOCKISTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Address enquiries to

THE STAR ROPE WORKS
87, Sun Mill Road, Lower Parel, Bombay 13.
Phone: 45165. Gram: "STAROPWORK"

Mother and Child

Mothers have found it wise to insist on LACTOMIN. In it constituents of cow's milk are correctly modified to make it a highly nutritive and balanced food for infants and growing children. Lactomin is also recommended to all who cannot digest ordinary cow's milk. It has the characteristic milk-flavour of Indian cow's milk and is obtainable FRESH. Approved by distinguished medical men and used extensively by the Government for feeding babies and nursing mothers.

Lactomin
IMPROVED MILK FOOD
COLD STORAGE & CREAMERIES, LTD.
1MA, WILLIAMS LANE, CALCUTTA. PHONE: B.B. 4207.

FOR
OVER 70 YEARS
THE 'ORIENTAL' HAS BROUGHT PEACE AND SECURITY TO COUNTLESS HOMES AND FAMILIES. IN 1944 ALONE HOLDERS OF 87,398 POLICIES HAVE BEEN GIVEN ASSURANCE TO THE EXTENT OF NEARLY

Rs. 22,00,00,000

FUNDS OVER Rs. 36½ CRORES

IT WILL PAY YOU TO COME TO US FOR ALL YOUR LIFE ASSURANCE NEEDS.

ORIENTAL

GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
ESTD. IN INDIA. 1874. HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

DEFEAT MALARIA WITH CINNCOIDS

"CINNCOIDS"

(For MALARIA, AGUE and all kinds of FEVER)

CINNCOIDS tablets in Malaria is a more effective agent than Quinine or Mapacrine Hydrochloride

Chronic cases of Malaria with enlarged spleen, not amenable to Quinine treatment readily respond to the therapeutic properties of CINNCOIDS

Available at all chemists and Stores, in handy containers of:—

20 tablets at Rs. 1 4 0 each
Rs. 3 12 0 each
1,400 tablets at Rs. 45 0 0 each
(Postage extra)

Distributors:—
SCHIEFF & MEYERS LTD.
G.P.O. Box 731, Fort, Bombay 1.
Stockists for Bombay Prsidency M/S. D SHAPURJI.
G. P. O. Box 769, Bombay 1.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

DRAMATIC GRANDEUR!

MINERVA'S MAMMOTH HISTORICAL

EK-DIN-KA SULTAN

Directed by SOHRAB MODI
Starring: MEHTAB

Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.

7TH WEK OF SUCCESS

NEW WEST END

51st and 52nd Performance!
Friday, Saturday 9-30 a.m.

DEEWAR

PRITHVI THEATRES' STAGE HIT

Rates as usual. Book early

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

By Insistent Demand

Today, Tomorrow At 6-15 p.m.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE
Presents
J. B. PRIESTLEY'S

THEY CAME TO A CITY

Director: HIMA KESARKODI

Rates: Rs. 10, 5, 2-8, 1-4.

Book at Rhythm House,
Opp. Army & Navy Stores

SUNDERBAI HALL

4TH WEEK

AMAR'S Classic

RATNAVALI

Director: SURENDRA DESAI
4, 7, 10 p.m.

EXCELLENT RELEASE
LAMINGTON

MARCHING AHEAD

ON THE CREST OF PUBLIC ENTHUSIASM!

The Greatest Historical of The Year

VEER KUNAL

WRITTEN . PRODUCED & DIRECTED BY
KISHORE SAHU

Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sunday Matinee 1 p.m.

Advance booking: 10 to 12 and 4-30 to 6 p.m.

A RADIUM Release

NOVELTY

Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p. m.
Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30, 5 to 7-0

Matinee at 1 p.m. on Sunday

CAPITOL

(Evergreen Release)

DRAMA THAT TUGS AT YOUR HEART-STRINGS!

EASTERN PICTURES' Entrancing Hit

ZEENAT

Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Starring: NOORJEHAN

Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 p. m.

Plans open: 9 to 11, 5 to 6 p. m.

4TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK

SUPER

A "SALMA" Release

ENLIGHTENING SOCIAL!

JAYANT DESAI'S

Vadbir

Starring SAIGAL
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.
Plans open: 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p. m.

4TH WEEK OF FULL HOUSES

KRISHNA

A GREAT PORTRAYAL OF A GREAT WOMAN

MURLI MOVIETONE'S

AMRAPALI

Prem Adib, Sabita Devi.

Director:
NANDLAL JASWANTLAL

SIXTH WEEK

ROXY

Daily: 4, 7, 10.
Booking 9-30 to 12 & 3-30 to 6.
A RADIUM Release.

From FRIDAY

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 Mat. 12-30

CITY LIGHT

First Run in Bombay North

Sunrise Grand Picture

DUHAI

NURJEHAN, SHANTA APTE

MODERN YOUTH SHALL BE HEARD—

BHAVNANI Productions'

BISVI-SADI

MOTILAL, NARGIS, MAZHARKHAN.

Director: M. BHAVNANI

SWASTIK

Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6.
A DIAMOND NATIONAL Release.

RANJIT'S

DHANNA BHAGAT

2ND WEEK

Royal Opera House

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

AJIT Release

15th WEEK!
VOICE OF AZAD
HIND is the Voice of New Theatre's

HAMRAHI

Direction & Screenplay:— BIMOL ROY

Daily:— 4, 7 & 10 P. M.

MINERVA

(Plans open 10 to 12)

IN AID OF I. N. A. RELIEF FUND

''DEEWAR''

On Sun. 16th Dec. '45
At 9 A. M.

Plans 10 to 12 at Opera House
1 to 6 at I. N. A. R. F. C. Office
485, Kalbadevi, Bombay, 2.
Phone "24436"

A SWEET MENACE!

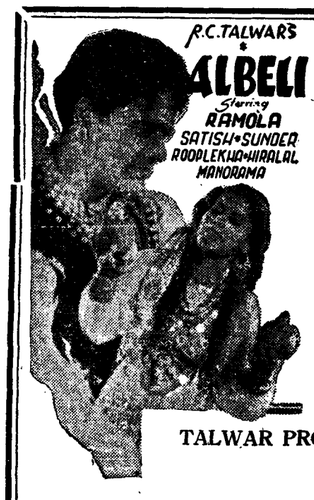
Starring: ALNASIR, RAGINI, SMRITI And AJMAL

"DHAMKI"

Director: RAVINDRA DAVE
Music: Pt. AMARNATH

COMING SOON TO YOUR FAVOURITE CINEMA

* A PANCHOLI ART PICTURE
* A FAMOUS
* RELEASE



THE 'IT' GIRL

OF THE INDIAN SCREEN

Comes again to conquer your hearts

RAVISHING AND RADIANT

RAMOLA

IN

TALWAR PRODUCTIONS' TANTALIZING HIT

ALBELI

Story & Direction:
R. C. TALWAR

Screenplay & Dialogues:
J. S. CASHYAP

Co-Starring: SATISH, SUNDER, ROOPLEKHA, HIRALAL, MANORAMA, USHA, NAWAZISH ALI

Next Change at CENTRAL

An 'EMPIRE TALKIE DISTRIBUTORS' RELEASE

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Shud 8 2002.
Muslim: Mohurrum 6, 1365.
Parsi: Tir 10, 1315.
Sunrise: 7.2 a.m. Sunset: 6.3 p.m.
Hightide: 4.47, 17-14.
Lowtide: 11.26, 22.57.

To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: The Municipal Secretary states that the next Weekly Meeting of the Standing Committee will be held in the Municipal Hall to-day at 3 p.m.

EFFICIENCY CLUB OF INDIA: Discussion: "Efficiency and its application to One's Personal Life" to-day, at 6.15 p.m. Conference Hall, Electric House.

RECEPTION TO MR. & MRS. G. LEWIS: Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Indian Christian Association, Bombay Christian Students Union, etc., a public reception will be held to-day at the Nagpada Neighbourhood Hall, Byculla, at 8.30 p.m., in honour of Mr. and Mrs. G. Lewis, Badminton Champions of Punjab. Dr. J. A. Collaco, Ex-Mayor of Bombay will preside.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: A talk by Mr. S. Kandaswamy on "India and China", at 9 p.m., Sangham premises, to-day.

SHAHNAMEH KIRTAN: Under the auspices of Mazdaznan Kirtankar Mr. *Jehanbux Vatcha will give Shah nameh Recital* in Gujarati Betbaji on Khushoroe Perviz, to-day, at 6 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School, ground floor, Waudby Road.

SOUTH INDIAN NATIONAL CONFERENCE: The organiser, South Indian National Conference writes to say that the idea of holding the South Indian National Conference was dropped.

RADICAL STUDENTS' UNION: Prof. N. S. Pardasani will speak on "A Critique of M. N. Roy's Draft Constitution" at the Blavatsky Lodge, to-day at 6 p.m. Prof. G. R. Dalvi will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "The Law of Moral Retribution" is the subject of a short talk to be followed by questions and answers to be delivered to-day evening at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

B. E. S. T. WORKERS' UNION: A meeting of the Depot Starters, Distt. Starters Traffic Regulators, Ticket Examiners A. C. C's., Inspectors, and other Supervisory Staff of B. E. S. T. Traffic Department will be held to-day (Wednesday), at the Union Office, at 12.0 midnight.

SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA: Musical concert by Kokilagana Isaivani Srimathi M. S. Subbulakhmi, (Vocal); accompanied by Messrs. Sankara Iyer (Violin); Kalpathi Ramanathan, (Mridangam); Madras Venu Naicker, (Kangeera); and Alangudi Ramachandran, (Ghatam); to-day at 8 p.m. (S. T.), at the South Indian Education Society's School Hall, Matunga.

BOMBAY SOUTH INDIA CLUB: Social gathering and Reception to Sir R. K. Shanmukhan Chetty, Society's Hall, Matunga, Saturday 6 p.m.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY: Free Exhibition of Health and Cultural Talkie Films, to-day at Carnac Road Head Police Office, at 6-30 p.m. and Chandanwadi B. I. T. Blocks at 8.30 p.m.

E. M. FORSTER TO BROADCAST: Mr. Forster, the well-known English novelist will broadcast from All India Radio, Bombay on 'Has India Changed,' at 8.45 p.m., to-day. Mr. Forster's talk will be transmitted on 244 and 89.15 metres.

HEMA KESARCODI who has directed and plays the leading role in Priestley's play, "They Came To A City", a People's Theatre production. ..The play will be repeated today and tomorrow (Thursday) at Sunderabai Hall at 6-15 p. m.

GET ON THE ROLL

Tomorrow Is Last Day For Submitting Claims For Inclusion

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:—Tomorrow (Thursday), is the last day for submission of claims for inclusion in the electoral rolls of the Bombay Legislatures. Those who have not already inspected the rolls are requested to do so and in case of omission take steps to submit the necessary claim in time. The rolls are available for inspection at the offices of the B. P. C. C. and all District Congress Committees.

Carding & Sliver Making At Congress House

Arrangements made at the Congress House to give training in carding and sliver-making do continue as before, announce the General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. Slivers of good quality are always available for sale at the Congress House. Hand-spun yarn of good quality in standard hanks is also available for sale and can be had from the office of the Congress Sevika Dal at the Congress House.

Muharram Meetings In City

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

With the beginning of Muharram Majlis the Muslim quarters of Bombay are astir late into the night. Most of the Maulvis addressing the meetings have been invited from outside. A salient feature of these meetings is lectures on Islamic History and Philosophy and martyrdom of Imam Hussain.

Some of the notable figures are Allama Siddiq, Principal Jamia Islamia Lahore. Allama Abdul Majid Badyaooni, Hafiz Kifayat Hussain and Maulvi Hussain Ahmadi.

Mr. Abu A. Jasdanwalla, who has been appointed new Sheriff of Bombay.

B. E. S. T. DISPUTE MUST BE SETTLED

City Fathers Adopt Patil's Resolution

At a special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, on Monday, the Mayor was requested to impress upon the management and the workers of the B.E.S.T. the desirability of coming to an amicable settlement of their dispute. Dr. Alban D'Souza, the Mayor, was in the chair.

Mr. S. K. Patil, leader of the Congress Municipal Party, moved the resolution which conveyed this request for an amicable settlement of the dispute, "as the threatened strike of the workers, if it materialises, would result in dislocation of traffic and great hardship to the public." The resolution further stated: "In reply to his letter dated November 29, 1945, on the subject, the President, "B. E. S. T. Workers' Union, Bombay, be informed of the orders passed."

The resolution was passed.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

Sardar Will Inaugurate & Asaf Ali Will Preside

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will inaugurate the Bombay Students' Conference organized under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Congress on Dec. 22, '45, states a telegraphic communication with him.

Shri Asaf Ali will preside.

JUDGMENT IN KHUHRO'S APPEAL

Echo Of Allah Baksh Murder Case

KARACHI, Dec. 10 (A.P.I.): Judgment was delivered to-day by the Special Bench of the Chief Court, consisting of Sir Godfrey Davis and Mr. Justice G. B. Constantine, in the appeal filed by Khan Bahadur M. A. Khuhro for having some remarks expunged from the judgment of acquittal by Mr. B. B. Paymaster, Sessions Judge of Sukkur, in the Allah Baksh murder case, in which the applicant was an accused.

The main remarks to expunge which the appeal was preferred, related to the portions wherein the Judge had said that he had not given Khan Bahadur Khuhro a clean bill and that the trial had not completely cleared him of all suspicion of complicity in the crime, but it was not for a court of criminal justice to say whether Khan Bahadur Khuhro was fit to play any part again in the political life of the country.

The Chief Judge, in his judgment, said that while the remarks could not be expunged, he considered that the remarks should not have found a place in the judgment. There was nothing improper for a judge to say that there remained suspicion against an accused, though suspicion was not proof itself. He added: "This is all consistent with an order of an acquittal, which necessarily absolves the accused in the eye of the law, of complicity in the offence with which he has been charged and of which he has been acquitted.

Breakfast Foods full of NOURISHMENT & VITAMINS

Howit CORN FLAKES AND WHETINE GOOD FOR YOU AND GROWING CHILDREN

WHEATO LABORATORIES

GRAHAMS TRADING CO. (INDIA) LTD.
Madras Bombay

JASWANT STRAWBOARD MILLS, LTD.

Encourage Indian Industry

We manufacture strawboard and Mill board etc. of all varieties, weights and qualities.

Our products have been found EXCELLENT for all purposes.

AGENCIES: Lahore, Ludhiana, Delhi, Agra, Benares, Ahmedabad, Bombay, Karachi & Calcutta

AGENTS:— The National Strawboard Supplying Co., Motilal Mansion, Kapasia Bazar, Ahmedabad

DEPOT:— M/s. JASWANT STRAWBOARD MILLS LTD., 55, All Chamber, 4th Floor, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Factory MEERUT (U.P.)

PRAN NATH LAMBA, Managing Director, Head Office, 3 Temple Road, Lahore

I like my tenors...

T 133

JAMES CARLTON LIMITED, LONDON

b Annas per packet, the price is exclusive of LOCAL or provincial Taxations.

If you would get rid of rough skin and chapped hands in winter, take to a daily application of

B.C.P.W.

Cold Cream of Roses

A KEY TO

Beauty & Complexion

A BENGAL CHEMICAL PRODUCT

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY Lamington Chambers Lamington Road Bombay 4

IT'S COMING!

The Hindi version of the Bengali Film which ran in Calcutta for 87 weeks, winner of three Awards!!

CHITRARUPA'S

SULEH

A PEARL Release

Starring:
JAMUNA,
AHIN CHOWDHRY.

Producer: DEVAKI BOSE

VERY SHORTLY

TAJ

Grant Rd.

A.-I. WEATHER CHART

POONA, Dec. 11, (A. P. I.): Recorded at 08.00 hours (I. S. T.), 11th December, 1945:—

Baroda 83 50 0 43.1 nil, Belgaum 83 53 0 3 43.9 minus 6.9, BOMBAY 86 69 0 88.0 plus 16.9, Calcutta 79 58 0 53.9 minus 6.9, Colombo 82 73 0 63.6 minus 21.3, Darjeeling 57 56..36 0 100.6 minus 25.7 Dehra Dun 68 41 0 88.3 plus 4.1, Delhi 71 43 0 29.2 plus 3.3, Hyderabad (Dn) 80 47 0 29.9 plus 0.7, Hyderabad (Sd) 76 49 0 3.1 minus 4.1, Indore 77 45 0 38.7 plus 4.2, Karachi 77 60 0 6.4 minus 1.1 Mahabaleshwar 70 52 0 249.1 minus 12.0, Mangalore 87 70 0 13.17 plus 2.5, Marmagoa 88 71 0 100.3 minus 0.1, Mercara 74 57 0 108.5 minus 18.6 Mussoorie 52 57 37 0 107.9 plus 21.5 Mysore 81 60 0 30.2 minus 0.9, Nagpur 81 53 0 53.2 plus 5.0, Ootacamund 68 42 0 38.2 minus 16.0, Poona 84 49 0 22.7 minus 3.7, Rajkot 79 48 0 40.8 plus 10.0, Ratnagiri 82 70 0 94.9 minus 7.0, Sholapur 84 54 WP 16.3 minus 10.6, Simla 52 37 0 65.9 plus 5.8, Surat 90 57 0 68.9 plus 27.3.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The tragedies of history are the tragedies of the misuse of power: the decline of nations inevitably follows the possession of great power without the exercise of great leadership. But history also provides examples of the survival of virile and mature cultures through the wise use of power. If military power is the product of grim necessity, economic power should provide us with a glorious opportunity. But let us not confuse economic power with gadgets, machines and assembly lines. It is essentially a human thing. It consists in the vitality of a people, their creative genius, their capacity for patient, hard work. Economic Power must be used to strengthen the peace of the world.

—Joseph C. Grew.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE VICEROY'S SPEECH

The Viceroy's address to the Associated Chambers of Commerce at Calcutta covered a wide range of subjects and referred only towards its fag end "to the political situation on the issue of which all depends—progress or catastrophe". But for the very reason that all depends on the political issue we shall to-day confine ourselves to it as far as possible. The Viceroy has said but little that is new on this issue, and that little is far from helpful. Repeating the old Tory tactics, he said that a political settlement is subject to a number of agreements. He said: "There are various parties to the settlement who must somehow or other reach a measure of agreement amongst themselves—Congress, the largest political party in India; the minorities, of whom the Muslims are the most numerous and most important; the rulers of Indian States; and the British Government". Probably it is not a mere accident that nowhere in the speech do we find any reference to the Cripps offer, one redeeming feature of which is that it does not make a settlement conditional on agreement between any parties but binds the Government to implement the decisions of a Constituent Assembly, subject to some definite conditions which do not include party agreement.

In saying all this we do not in the least belittle the importance of party agreement. India wants agreement between all parties, communities classes and other interests as far as it is humanly possible. But India wants and will win freedom at any cost, whether or not the agreement immediately possible is as much as is desirable. That is because India has realized that freedom itself is most helpful in promoting lasting unity, whereas subjection has always and everywhere helped the rulers to divide the people. Secondly, agreement becomes extremely difficult when every party is given a veto on a settlement. Of course, such a veto is the salvation of the ruling party, the party in possession, as it helps to maintain the "status quo". But for that very reason the subject party condemns the veto. On the other hand, the very inevitability of effect being given to the majority decision of a representative body like a Constituent Assembly induces a desire among all its elements to agree as far as possible. This is a recognised principle in all democratic Governments, minorities being helped to safeguard their interests through a system of proportional representation and other constitutional safeguards. No Government is possible if any minority, however large, or important is given a veto on a majority decision. If that is called a tyranny of the majority, it is a tyranny that prevails in all democratic countries. It is at least less bad than the tyranny of the minority. We are sure the British Government will not make the working out of its reconstruction schemes conditional on their acceptance by the Tory Party.

It is bad enough to pamper minorities by virtually making them equal to the majority. It makes matters worse when we are told that there are other minorities than Muslims that need to agree to a settlement, though their names and number are discreetly left unmentioned. Moreover a handful of Princes, one and all under the thumb of the British Government, are mentioned as a party to be satisfied before a settlement is possible. So far Government's spokesmen referred to the "Indian States" as an element to be satisfied, deliberately leaving that expression to be interpreted to mean either the Rulers or the States people. But now that the testing time is near, the Viceroy deliberately speaks of the "Rulers of the Indian States" as a party to agree or disagree to a general agreement. The Cripps offer was not definite enough regarding the role of the Princes or the States people, though it provided for the representation of the States in the Constituent Assembly on a population basis. It is now suggested that the Rulers are the States. Are they to decide the political fate of the millions of States people for the future? Congress does want to accommodate the States people in the Indian Union. But in doing so it will deal mainly with the accredited leaders of the States people. Lord Wavell mentions the British Government as one of the parties to agree to a settlement. And on behalf of that Government he says: "It is our earnest wish and endeavour to give India freedom; but we cannot and will not abandon our responsibilities without bringing about some reasonable settlement". While Congress is negotiating with the British Government, that Government is naturally a party to be reckoned with. But if it is suggested that the Government is free to flout the decisions of the Constituent Assembly on the plea that there is no "reasonable settlement" behind those decisions, it will only mean banging the door against negotiations. However, it is unnecessary to reiterate what Congress policy will be when negotiations are not allowed. The Congress has far graver responsibilities to the 400 millions of India than outsiders can have. Those responsibilities it will never abandon. "Quit India", says Lord Wavell will not act as the magic "sesame". It remains to be seen. India has no reason to be disappointed with the tentative results of the Congress ultimatum.

Not The Whole Truth

In the course of his address to the Associated Chambers of Commerce on Monday the Viceroy offered a defence of the use of Indian troops in Indonesia. Observing that the facts in connection therewith "have been much misrepresented," Lord Wavell went on to say: "The Indian soldiers are not there to suppress the Indonesians; they went there on an errand of duty and an errand of mercy—to disarm the Japanese and to rescue Allied prisoners and internees. Those tasks are not yet completed and have been rendered difficult by the action of extremists and lawless elements, instigated by our Japanese enemies and admittedly not under the control of those who claim to be the leaders of the Indonesians. It is these extremists whom our troops have had to fight." It is regrettable that Lord Wavell should have stopped with a recital of these facts and not proceeded to reveal the whole truth to the people of this country, however unpleasant such truth may be. After the open admission of Mr. Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, in the House of Commons, the other day, that the British Government had "a definite agreement that they provide for the Netherlands Indies Government to resume as rapidly as practicable full responsibility for the administration of Netherlands East Indies territory", it is idle to pretend that the British Government have despatched their own as well as Indian troops to Indonesia on the 'errands of duty and mercy' alone. If these latter were the real and only objects, it may be asked of Lord Wavell why influential sections of Australian, Canadian and even British Labour—not to say anything of Indian Labour—are refusing to handle the munitions intended for Indonesia? Why do such Labour circles refuse to believe in the British official professions of 'duty and mercy.' The Viceroy knows that frank scepticism and bitter criticism of the Indonesian adventure of the British Government have been expressed not merely by Indians, but in the British, American and Russian circles, too. The Viceroy echoes the British Foreign Office statement that one of the objects of the operations is the disarming of the Japanese soldiers, but more than one reliable source has revealed the ugly fact that the British, far from disarming the Japanese, are using the latter to fight the Indonesians! The same game is being played by the British and French forces engaged in the "liberation" of Indo-China, the Japanese soldiery being freely used to put down the freedom movement among the people of that territory. In this way the British are engaged in making Indonesia and Indo-China safe for Dutch and French 'Imperialisms.' And yet Lord Wavell would have Indians believe that they are there on a humanitarian mission!

Give the dog a bad name, if you want to hang it—that has been the familiar technique of imperialism everywhere and Indonesia is no exception. Lord Wavell would have us believe that Britain's mission of "duty" and "mercy" in Indonesia is made difficult of execution by the action of "extremists and lawless elements, instigated by our Japanese enemies and admittedly not under the control of those who claim to be the leaders of the Indonesians." We have heard such excuses before. The public of this country will not be beguiled by the propagandist portraval of the Indonesian patriots as "extremists". If the truth has to be told, the British Government have nowhere shown that they want any genuine settlement with the Indonesians, whether "extremists", "moderates", or any others. The British and Indian troops are there, as Mr. Bevin was forced to admit, to restore Dutch imperialist sway over Indonesia, just as they are in Indo-China for restoring French imperialist rule. If the British had no other objects in view than merely the disarming of the Japanese and the rescue of Allied prisoners and internees, we dare say both of them could have been secured with the greatest ease and without any shedding of blood, British, Indian or Indonesian, if only the British had given an unequivocal assurance to the Indonesians that they would not bring in Dutch troops and officials along with them to take over the administration. If, along with such an assurance, the co-operation of Indonesians had been sought in the task of disarming the Japanese and liberation of Allied prisoners and internees, the Indonesians would have responded to a man and Britain's mission of 'duty and mercy' would have been accomplished in a few weeks, without the least trouble. But the British Government had another game up their sleeves from the very beginning and would, therefore, give no such assurance and did not want Indonesian co-operation, for such co-operation would have strengthened the Indonesian independence movement and upset the Anglo-Dutch plans to reimpose the Dutch yoke on the Indonesians simultaneously with their liberation from the Jap yoke. It has been evident throughout, that the only "co-operation" which the British in Indonesia would like to have from the local leaders is co-operation in the renewed enslavement of their country to the Dutch. The Viceroy's defence of the use of Indian troops will, therefore, carry no conviction to the people of this country. There was a circumstantial report recently that he had made representations to the British Government pressing for the recall of Indian troops from Indonesia. We did not believe it had any basis and if any fact in justification of our scepticism were needed it is furnished by the report that more and more Indian troops are being poured into Indonesia with a view to cope with the increasing resistance of the Indonesians. The Viceroy and his Government are too vital parts of the imperial machinery, for them to hope to be able to stand apart from it.

Frankly Speaking

Game Of Make-Believe

It has been announced that the Anglo-American Commission, which will investigate into the Palestine problem on the spot and whose personnel has been announced, will be leaving for Palestine shortly. The personnel announced is not such as to inspire confidence. What facts, including the standpoints of the Arab and Jewish communities, there could be that are not already within the knowledge of the Governments of Great Britain and United States of America it is difficult to say, for the protagonists of Zionism in official as well as non-official circles in the two countries have discussed the problem of Palestine threadbare during the past six years. In the course of these discussions the claims of the Arabs have been subjected to the most searching scrutiny and all sections of politicians in Britain and America have pronounced their verdicts one way or the other. In these circumstances the task which has been assigned to the Anglo-American Commission by the two Governments can be looked upon only a make-believe one—calculated to fool the Arabs and to throw dust into the eyes of the critical world.

Devil And Deep Sea

The British Labour Government, many members of which are hostile to the Arabs and would like to see a non-Oriental state established in Palestine, fears the consequences of permanently antagonising the Arab-cum-Islamic world and it also does not trust completely the neo-Zionists, who are not at all enamoured of British "trusteeship" or even "friendship." The Labour Government, therefore, is disposed to play a waiting game. But, under the pressure of the American Government, which itself is being subjected to pressure by Zionists of American domicile, the Labour Government is obliged to placate the American Government by acquiescing in the proposal for a joint investigation of the problem. Constitutionally, the Government of U.S.A. has no 'locus standi' with reference to Palestine. Britain holds the mandate for Palestine from the League of Nations, of which U.S.A. had deliberately refused to become a member. The only body which can claim to have any say regarding the future of the mandate is the League of Nations which is practically dead. The new international body which is to take its place has yet to come into existence. The Anglo-American Commission, which, by the way, is likely to be boycotted by the Arabs, will accomplish nothing more than what has already been planned by the two Governments—which is to shilly shally with the problem till the ferments in the Arab and Jewish worlds subside, and then call for a fresh approach to the problem!

Next Congress Session

The decision to hold a Congress session in April next will be hailed by the public with unbounded enthusiasm. Great things have taken place in the country since 1942 and these have created almost revolutionary changes in the minds of the people. Their self-confidence, self-assertiveness and spirit of resistance have increased to an extra-ordinary extent, particularly among the youth of the country. These changes are finding expression, to some extent in the elections to the legislatures. They will be better reflected in the proceedings of the Congress session The organisation and activities of the Congress will have to be appreciably modified in tune with the changes in the country and the special needs of the last stage of its struggle for independence. The necessary modifications cannot be fully effective until they are endorsed by a plenary session of the Congress. Altogether, the next Congress session bids fair to be an epoch-making one. And it behoves Congressmen to take steps, even from now on, to make the session a tremendous success.

Our Readers' Views

Burma Shell Strike

A disquieting situation has been created by the strike of the Burmah-Shell Oil Company workers. Owing to the strike, it would seem that the usual supplies of petrol could not be made to the bus services at Bassein with the result that no bus plys from the evening of Monday the 3rd inst.

About 3000 persons comprising of office going people, businessmen, factory workers and others go to the city daily from Bassein and most of them, residing from 3 to 4 miles away from the railway station depend upon the bus services to reach the station daily in the morning and likewise to return home in the evening. All these people have been compelled to walk to and from the station from the time the bus services stopped the few "tonga-wallas" that are there having unconscionably raised their fare, taking advantage of the unfortunate situation. What a loathsomely wearisome experience it would be to those who have to walk three to four miles daily in the morning and in the evening, may well be imagined rather than explained.

It is to be hoped that immediate action will be taken to either persuade the workers of Burmashell to call off their strike or some other arrangements will be made whereby petrol supplies will be resumed and the hardship of not an inconsiderable number of people mitigated.

P. K. ARUNACHALAM.

Sutar Bassein, Dec. 5.

Congress Re-affirms Non-Violence Creed

(Continued from page 1)

activities as explained by Mahatma Gandhi.

"The Working Committee is of opinion that Civil Disobedience, mass or any other, meant for the attainment of freedom is inconceivable without the adoption of the constructive programme on the widest scale possible by the masses of India".

RESOLUTION ON I.N.A.

The following is the text of the resolution on the Indian National Army:—

"Whilst the Congress must feel proud of the sacrifice, discipline, patriotism, bravery and the spirit of unity displayed by the Azad Hind Fouj, organised as an independent force in foreign countries under unprecedented conditions by Shri Subhas Chandra Bose, and whilst it is right and proper for the Congress to defend the members of that body now undergoing trial and to aid its sufferers, Congressmen must not forget that this support and sympathy do not mean that the Congress has in any way deviated from its policy of attaining Swaraj by peaceful and legitimate means."

Medical Mission To Malaya And Burma

The Congress Working Committee has decided to send a Medical Mission to Burma and Malaya and has called upon Dr. B. C. Roy to organise such a Mission in consultation with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

The following is the text of the resolution of the Committee on the subject:—

"In view of the serious and widespread distress prevailing among Indians in Burma and Malaya for want of food and medical attention and cloth scarcity, the Working Committee resolve that a medical mission be sent on behalf of the Congress to Burma and Malaya in order to give medical and other needed relief, more especially to I.N.A. and Indian Independence League personnel there. The Committee authorises Dr. B. C. Roy to organise such a mission in consultation with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Chairman of the I.N.A. Inquiry and Relief Committee, and to arrange for its despatch at an early date.

CALCUTTA FIRING.

The Working Committee considered the police firing on Calcutta Students' demonstrations and has recorded its opinion that the students showed utmost bravery of the non-violent type. The Committee has also demanded an open and impartial judicial enquiry by the Bengal Government.

The following is the text of the resolution:

"The Working Committee is of the opinion that the demonstrations by the students of Calcutta on Nov. 21, resulting in the loss of precious student life and many injured from bullet wounds, and the events thereafter demand an open and impartial judicial inquiry by the Government of Bengal. Meanwhile, the Committee record their opinion that the students of Calcutta showed the utmost bravery of the non-violent type by remaining unmoved under a shower of bullets."

PROTEST AGAINST USE OF INDIAN TROOPS.

The following is the text of the resolution protesting against sending Indian troops to Java and refusal of facilities to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru to visit Java in response to Dr. Soekarno's appeal:—

"The Working Committee has watched with admiration and sympathy the valiant struggle in defence for their newly-won Republic and independence which the people of Indonesia have been carrying on with steadfast courage and determination against British and Dutch forces. This Committee emphatically condemns the wanton invasion of Java and other parts of Indonesia in order to impose Dutch Imperialist domination on their inhabitants against their unanimous demand for a free state. Any support from any quarter to Imperialist designs in Indonesia, Indo-China and elsewhere is resented throughout Asia as culpable violation of the professed aims of the United Nations and the undeniable right of Asian nationals. This will destroy the chance of international understanding and the very basis of any future world organisation. The Committee regrets that the United States of America has by its passive attitude encouraged these Imperialist aggressions.

"While expressing its heartfelt sympathy with the Indonesian and Indo-Chinese nationalists for the enormous loss and suffering inflicted upon them by the Imperialist powers, this Committee is particularly distressed to find the units of the Indian Army arrayed against the Indonesians and Indo-Chinese and views with deep indignation this mischievous misuse of the Indian forces by the British Government.

"This Committee notes with resentment that the Government of India has not granted necessary facilities to enable Jawaharlal Nehru to proceed to Java in response to Dr. Soekarno's invitation and reaffirms its determination to put an end to India's political subjection to which the present intolerable state of humiliating helplessness is due."

VICEROY MUST NEXT TIME SAY THAT PAKISTAN IS INEVITABLE

Jinnah Resents Wavell's Reference To Muslims As A Minority

BOMBAY, Dec. 11 (A.P.I.): "I wish the Viceroy would next time make it still more clear that the division of India is inevitable and that it is the only solution of India's Political Problem," said Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League commenting on the Viceroy's speech at Calcutta:

Mr Jinnah said: "I have read the report of the speech of the Viceroy, delivered at the Associated Chambers of Commerce in Calcutta on December. 10, in which he has dealt with many important matters, and it requires a very careful study to deal with the various points that he has referred to, as and when they arise. We will certainly play our part in their proper development as and when they come before us in a definite shape. But I am glad to note one feature of his speech which strikes me, and that is that he is realising that the Hindu Congress are determined to dictate their own terms by threats and that they have no honest desire to negotiate. So long as they flourish their sword of Democies of mass civil disobedience, taking shelter under the plea of non-violence, peaceful resistance, which they know is not true, it is difficult to make any progress.

"The second feature that strikes me is that His Excellency is beginning to understand the political situation in India when he says. "I can assure you earnestly that the British Government and the British people honestly and sincerely wish the Indian people to have their political freedom and a Government or Governments of their own choice."

Mr. Jinnah continuing said: "I wish he would next time make it still more clear that the division of India is inevitable and that it is the only solution of India's political problem. He might also make a note that the Congress is not the only largest political party in India, and that his reference to the Mussalmans is very unfortunate," when he says, "The minorities, of whom Mussalmans are most numerous and most important." Mussalmans are not a minority and the Muslim League undoubtedly is the only authoritative and representative organisation of the Mussalmans of India. The importance of the political parties is not to be judged merely by their numbers, and it goes without saying that, numerically, the Hindu Congress will always be the largest political party in India in proportion to the Hindu population vis-a-vis the Muslim population. But counting of the heads is not the only test, and Lord Wavell knows that besides the minorities, the Congress and the Muslim League are the two main political organisations which represent the overwhelming majority of the Hindus and the Mussalmans, respectively in this sub-continent.

"I have always maintained that the various minorities constitute an important element in the political life of this country, and they should have their voice heard in the settlement that may be arrived at and justice should be done to them."

NO GANDHI-JINNAH MEETING IN NEAR FUTURE.

PATNA, Dec. 11 (O. P. I.): That Gandhi-Jinnah meeting is not likely in near future, is indicated by a prominent Congressman who told the representative of the "Orient Press of India."

Gandhiji is as eager as ever to come to terms with the League leader despite the speeches of Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel.

INDIA GOVT.'S "NO" TO BIHAR LEAGUE

PATNA, December 11 (C. P. I.): It is understood the India Government has refused permission to the Bihar Province Muslim League to start an Urdu Daily. The Province League is organising throughout the province to protest against the decision of the Government.

COMMUNISTS TO BE EXPELLED FROM CONGRESS

Working Committee Accepts Recommendations Of Nehru Committee

CALCUTTA, Dec. 1.

The Congress Working Committee has decided to expel all Communist members of the All India Congress Committee from that body and issued a directive to the Provincial Congress Committees to prevent the members of the Communist Party from holding any elective offices in the Congress organisation.

This decision was taken by the Congress Working Committee today, following the consideration of the report of the Sub-Committee appointed by the Working Committee at Poona for this purpose in September last. The special Sub-Committee consisted of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhai Patel and Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant.

The sub-committee in its reports after referring to the failure of the Communists members of the All India Congress Committee to regret for what they had done during the last three years says that the main policy of the Communists has been opposition and obstruction to the policy and programme of the Congress for a considerable time.

They had been acting in a hostile manner so as to undermine the prestige and position of the Congress organisation. They are, therefore, utterly unworthy of holding any place in any deliberative body inside the Congress.

The Committee, therefore recommended the prevention of Communist members from holding executive offices in the Congress organisation and suggested the expulsion of all Communist members of the All India Congress Committee.

The Working Committee has accepted this recommendation and passed a comprehensive resolution on the subject which will be released to the press later.

All the Communists members of the All India Congress Committee have already resigned from that body following a directive to them to do so by the General Secretary of the Communist Party of India Mr. P. C. Joshi.

Rateable Value Of Cinemas

Important Decision

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania).

The Globe Theatres Ltd. ..Petitioners

vs.

The Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes and Others .....Respondents.

The important question which arose in this matter was as to the proper method of assessing the rateable value of a cinema. The petitioners are the owners of the Regal Cinema in Bombay on the rateable value of which they were liable to pay property tax to the Bombay Municipality. The annual rateable value had been fixed at Rs. 30,550 up to the year 1942-43. But the next year the Municipality raised it to Rs. 50,470 on the footing of the estimated gross receipts of taxings having regard to the sitting capacity of the theatre. Aggrieved by this, the petitioners appealed under Section 217 of the Municipal Act to the first respondent who confirmed the new rateable value. The petitioners applied to the High Court for a Writ certiorari to quash the first respondent's order. It was contended that the method adopted for arriving at the rateable value was not a recognized method of assessment but was arbitrary and that the first respondent had acted without jurisdiction.

In giving judgment his Lordship stated that what the Municipality had to consider was—at what amount the property might reasonably be expected to be let from year to year and the actual rent was not necessarily the criterion. In the case of premises peculiarly suited for a particular business, the profits expected to be made by it had been recognized in England as a feature to be taken into account. In the case of a cinema a percentage of the sitting accommodation was a recognized method. His Lordship, therefore held that the method adopted in the present case, of estimating the gross receipts at 53 per cent of the sitting accommodation and fixing the rateable value at 7-1/2 per cent of those receipts was a recognized and not an arbitrary method. His Lordship therefore dismissed the petition with costs.

Mr. R. J. Kolah and Mr. V. F. Taraporevala instructed by Messrs. Gagrat and Co. appeared for the petitioners.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga and Mr. F. J Coltman instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., appeared for the respondents.

Patwardhan Arrested In Mysore

BANGALORE, Dec. 11 (U.P.I.): Mr. P. H. Patwardhan, the well-known Maharashtra Congress leader and brother of Mr. Achyut Patwardhan was arrested yesterday morning by the Mysore Police under Section 34 of the Defence of India Rules for an alleged objectionable speech delivered at Nanjungud in connection with the Mysore State Students' Federation.

Russians Can Keep Troops Till March

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11. (Reuter): Russia has perfect right to keep her troops in Persia until March under the terms of the treaty between Persia and the Big Three Powers, a spokesman of the United States State Department said last night.

The United States, he added, had not received reply from Britain regarding the United States proposal that all the remaining troops of the Big Three Powers should be removed from Persia by January.

YANKS TO QUIT IRAN THIS MONTH.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11. (A.P.A.): States department officials to-day disclosed that American troops in Iran, totalling 6,000 men, will be withdrawn this month.

The State Department also revealed there are an estimated 75,000 Russian troops in Northern Iran and 5,000 British troops in South-Western Iran.

TETE-A-TETE

Without Comment

BOMBAY, Dec. 9. (U.P.I.): "The Congress leadership is today rallying its followers for a civil war and asserts that it will smash the League and crush the Communists. Unable to take the country forward to its goal and finding other parties growing despite your opposition to them, you (Congress leaders) are reduced to slandering those from whom you differ'.

—Comrade P. C. Joshi.

* * *

Speaking during his first visit to the Andamans, Lord Mountbatten said that it was not the atom bomb which made the Japanese surrender. "That was just a face-saving excuse."

It seems to have saved the face all right of the gallant British Commanders who took three years to make the return journey from Imphal to Rangoon!

* * *

The Congress High Command has decided to hold the next annual plenary session of the Congress in the first week of April at Delhi.

Delhi Chalo! Chalo Delhi!

* * *

NEW DELHI, Dec. 10 (A.P.I.): "Our aim is to treat demobilisation as a creative remobilisation for peace", declared Nawab M. A. Gurmani, Director-General, Resettlement, addressing to-day the fourth batch of trainees at the managerial staff training centre

This is a brilliant brain-wave, which is guaranteed to resettle, and in fact make permanent all the fat war jobs.

* * *

An Echo—

"I: (India's freedom) was not a simple problem. It could not and would not be solved by repeating a password or formula. 'Quit India' would not act as the magic 'sesame' which opened Ali Baba's cave."

—Lord Wavell.

—And A Re-echo

By the demands and challenge of the A.-I.C.C. Resolution of 8th August, 1942, the Congress stands today. It is on the basis of this resolution and with its battle cry ("Quit India") that the Congress faces the elections.

—Congress Election Manifesto.

* * *

CHINA WILL BE AMERICAN INDIA

—Headline.

—And India British China?

* * *

Says Mr. Jinnah in his latest: "We could settle the Indian question in ten minutes if Mr. Gandhi would say: "I agree that there should be Pakistan."

And it would be solved in less than no time at all if the Qaid-e-Azam says—nothing!

* * *

Tale Of The Day

Mrs. Williams, visiting the cinema, could only find two gangway seats, one behind the other. Wishing to sit with her sister, she cautiously surveyed the youth in the next seat. Finally she leaned over and whispered: "I beg your pardon, but are you alone?"

Without even turning his head, but twisting his mouth and shielding it with his hand, he muttered: "Cut it out; my aunt's with me."

MADRAS PRESS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Govt To Revive It Pending Decision 'On All India Basis'

MADRAS, Dec. 11 (A.P.I.): The Government of Madras have, on reconsideration, decided to continue the Press Advisory Committee in this province "until such time as the matter is decided on an all India basis."

The Government of Madras wrote to the President of the A.I.N.E.C. on November 2, saying "now that most of the war-time legislation affecting the Press has been withdrawn, this Government have decided that there is no need to continue the Press Advisory Committee in this province."

The Government has now written to the President, A.I.N.E.C., revising the above order. The letter says, "The Committee will from this date be revived though without a Press adviser until such time as the matter is decided on an all India basis."

Subbulakshmi's Recital

Under the auspices of the South Indian Sangeet Sabha, Smti. M. S. Subbalakshmi and party gave a recital at Matunga on Sunday. Though the programme consisted mostly of song-hits usually associated with "M. S.", there was something original in approach and presentation. The "kiran" in Harikamboji was one of soft-pedalling melody, while in Poori-Kalyani, she exhibited a rare type of 'melodic shakes', reminiscent of the great masters. She carried the audience aloft in Karaharapriya, wherein extensive coverage, both in latitude and longitude, broke new grounds and gave an extra dimension by its structural beauty and orchestral finish. The beginning of Sankarabharanam in "Vilambit" was poetry in slow motion, in which the artiste brought out colourful shades and reflective intonations. In its finale, she developed a hurricane tempo by a series of swings and sways which mirrored the full 'bhava" of the Raga. Her Thodi was surging melody in waves and curves. By flashes and flights, in high octaves, she demonstrated the glamour that is Thodi. Not only in major 'kirtans' but also in fill-ups like 'Yenthaveduko' and 'Kalai Thooki', Smt. Subbulakshmi displayed great artistry, and in the latter song, it looked as though she gave vocal shape to Radha's dance idioms. In Pallavi, Subbulakshmi displayed a wealth and variety of 'swaras', artistic in groupings and resonant in tonal shades. Armed with three percussion instruments as accompaniments, she developed a fool-proof technique of orchestration. In its climax, it looked like a finished game of contract, the vocalist's initial bid and partners' studied reciprocation stage by stage, finally culminating in a Grand Slam of Indian music.

AZAD HIND GOVT. WAS NO JAPANESE PUPPET

Nippon's Attempts At Interference Foiled

Incidents At Bose's Conferences With Tokyo Diplomats: Two "Cabinet Ministers" Give Evidence

RED FORT, DELHI, Dec. 11. (A.P.I.)

Mr. S. A. Ayer, who was Publicity and Propaganda Minister of the Provisional Governmnet of Free India gave evidence for Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan, Capt. Sehgal and Lt. Dhillon at the I. N. A. Court Martial today.

Mr. Ayer said that he was in Bangkok when the Japanese declared war in December 1941. On December 10, he left Bangkok and tried to get back to India via Burma, but he found the frontier closed and had to return to Bangkok.

CONFERENCE OF INDIANS

In the middle of June 1942 a conference of Indians from all over East Asia Thailand, Burma, Malaya and Singapore, Indo China, Java, Sumatra, Philippines, Shanghai and Japan—was held in Bangkok. The Indian population of these countries was two and a half to three million Witness attended the conference as one of the spectators.

In July 1942, witness joined the headquarters of the Indian Independence League in East Asia which was established in Bangkok.

HEADQUARTERS SHIFTED

As far as he understood it, at that time the primary object of the league was to win India's independence Witness was appointed to take charge of the Publicity Department of the Headquarters of the Independence League. Towards the end of February 1943, he left Bangkok for Singapore, where he met Sri Rash Bihari Bose, the League President. Bose told witness that he had decided to shift the Headquarters of the Indian Independence League to Singapore as early as possible. The shifting started some time in April 1943 and witness gave the necessary instructions to his men in Bangkok.

Witness said that the Indian Independence League had branchss in Burma, Thailand, Malaya and Singapore, Indo-China, Java, Sumatra, Philippines, Shanghai, Hongkong and Japan. The League had regular membership in all these countries. Witness put the League membership at about 750,000.

SUBHAS TAKES CHARGE

Subhas Chandra Bose arrived in Singapore on July 1943. On July 4, a conference of delegates representing Indian Independence League branches all over East Asia was held at Singapore. At that conference Sri Rash Bihari Bose formally handed over the Presidentship of the League to Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose. Witness was present at the conference When Sri Behari Babu told the delegates and the audience that he was handing over thepresidentship of the League to Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose there was an outburst of frenzied cheering. In the course of his address to the delegates, Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose made a rather important announcement, namely, that he intended to establish a Provisional Government of Free India as early as possible. This announcement was received with very enthusiastic cheering from all parts of the House.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE TO INDIA

Q.: Was Subhas Chandra Bose' proposal publicly discussed?

A.: It was discussed freely. On October 21, 1943, another conference of League delegates was held in Singapore. Witness was present at that conference. Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose announced the establishment of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind and the announcement was received with a tremendous outburst of applause and cheering. After announcing the names of the members of this Government, Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose took the oath of allegiance to India. After that the other members of the Government took the oath of Allegiance to India and to Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose. The entire proceedings were punctuated with outburst of cheering and shouts of "Subhas Chandra Bose-ki-Jai" and "Arzi Hukumat Azad Hind-ki-Jai."

Witness was Minister of Publicity and Propaganda in the Provisional Government.

The Provisional Government declared war on Britain and America.

Witness said that the Provisional Government used the machinery of the Indian Independence League as its own executive.

EDUCATION & MEDICAL RELIEF

The formation of the Provisional Government was welcomed by the Indians in Malaya in particular. Apart from the fight for Independence, Indians in Malaya had a natural feeling of security by reason of the formation of the Provisional Government and the I.N.A. The Provisional Government provided for education on National lines and Medical and other relief for Indians.

The Provisional Government gave directions to the I.N.A. to give protection to Indian Nationals wherever and whenever it might be needed, particularly against lawlessness.

Witness produced the December 1943 issue of the Monthly Bulletin of the Indian Independence League. In this issue it was stated among other things. "Indians in East Asia to-day are no more the citizens of an alien Power. They are proud citizens of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind. To bring this home to the mind of every Indian in Malaya and to rouse our community to a full realization of the responsibilities of the new status, it has been decided to ask each member of the Indian Independence League to take the oath of Allegiance to the Provisional Government of Azad Hind." Witness produced the August 1944 issue of the Bulletin which gave the number of persons who took the Oath of Allegiance to the Provisional Government upto June 1944 as 232,562.

NATIONAL BANK OF AZAD HIND

The Provisional Government, witness said, maintained its activities by collecting donations from Indians throughout East Asia. The collections were kept in the National Bank of Azad Hind, which was opened in Rangoon by the Provisional Government in April 1944.

Witness produced a statement issued by Mr. Dinanath, a Director of the Bank giving the amount deposited on the Provisional Government's account up to July 31, 1944, as 15,353,1444 dollars (one dollar, witness explained, was worth more than a rupee before the war). An earlier statement, also produced by witness, put cash collections at about 53 and half lakh dollars and the value of donations in kind—articles of gold, jewellery, silverware, etc.—at 86,310 dollars.

Witness said that Subhas Chandra Bose took over command of the I.N.A. when he assumed presidentship of the Indian Independence League. Later he became Supreme Commander of the I.N.A.

As member for Information, witness said, he was informed from time to time about recruitment to the I.N.A.

RECRUITMENT VOLUNTARY

Q.: As far as you are aware, was recruitment purely voluntary?

A.: Absolutely voluntary.

Always there were surplus volunteers who could not be trained or armed.

A training school for civil administrators was established two or three months after Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose had arrived in Singapore, said witness.

TWO ALLIES

The relations between the Nippon Government and the Provisional Government were as between two Allies having dealings on a footing of equality.

Witness said that he arrived at Rangoon on February 1. The Provisional Government had moved to Rangoon early, a month earlier. Witness lived in Subhas Chandra Bose's bungalow from April 1944 to April 1945.

Witness gave three instances to show that the relations between the Japanese and the Provisional Government were on terms of equality. In March 1944, there was a conference between Subhas Chandra Bose and the Japanese. Witness attended the conference. The Japanese suggested a Japanese Chairman for the War Co-operation Council which was to be set up in connection with operations to be carried out on Indian soil.

OPPOSITION TO JAP CHAIRMAN

The Japanese said that it would be much better to have a Japanese Chairman for practical convenience. Subhas Chandra Bose resisted the suggestion on grounds of principle and said that he could not accept anything that he knew very well could not be acceptable to the people of India. Subhas Chandra Bose made the counter-suggestion that if they could not have an Indian Chairman, both sides should meet on a footing of absolute equality without a Chairman. To the best of witness's re-collection, no Japanese Chairman was appointed.

At another conference, which was attended by witness, the Japanese said that they would be glad to receive advance intimation of the appointments of the Ministers of Supply and Man-power of the Provisional Government before they were actually made, Bose maintained that the appointment of these Ministers, was purely an internal affair of his. He would, of course, not mind informing them as a matter of courtesy after the appointments had been made. Bose maintained that attitude to the end.

In another instance, which came to witness's official knowledge, Bose made it clear in a scheme drawn up for the administration of liberated areas, that no Japanese firms could be allowed to move into the areas. No other bank except the Azad Hind Bank would be allowed to function in the liberated area.

There were four broadcasting stations attached to the Azad Hind Government. Witness was responsible for the functioning of these stations There was no outside control over these stations.

Witness said that cash donations given to the Provisional Government included grain from merchants.

BENGAL GOVT. REJECTED IT

On behalf of the Provisional Government, Subhas Chandra Bose offered one lakh tons of rice for relief in Bengal at the time of the Bengal Famine but the offer was not accepted.

Cross-examined by Sir N. P. Engineer, Mr. Ayer said that in December 1940 he was a press correspondent at Bangkok.

BANGKOK RESOLUTIONS.

The Advocate-General put a series of questions on the Bangkok Conference resolutions. Witness said that he remembered a resolution being passed which sought clarification of the Japanese Imperial Government towards Indians in East Asia. The conference appointed a council of action. He was not aware of the proceedings of the Council. In December 1942 there were rumours that all the members of the Council of Action had resigned. He did not know why they resigned.

Q. In spite of your position in the League how is it that you did not know why the members of the Council of Action resigned.

Ans. I was then in Bangkok. The President of the Indian Independence League Rash Bihari Bose had shifted to Singapore and everything was taking place in Singapore. The members of the Council of Action were in Singapore. The President was in touch with the League Headquarters in Bangkok for the carrying on of its normal functions.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROVISIONAL GOVT.

Witness identified another resolution which requested Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to come to East Asia and appealed to the Japanese Government to request the German Government to enable Mr. Bose to reach East Asia.

In regard to the three quarter million membership of the Indian Independence League witness said his computation of the figure was from periodicals published by the League branches.

Q. As regards donations to the Provisional Government of free India is it a fact that people were made to contribute 25 per cent of their capital?

Ans. A certain percentage was fixed by voluntary consent of the Indians themselves as their donation to the Provisional Government. The percentage varied.

NO COMPULSION IN COLLECTIONS.

Witness said that no order was issued that every Indian should pay Rs. 50 or give a yard of cloth to the Provisional Government. An appeal to that effect was issued for the collection of cloth for the army. There was no compulsion in the collections.

Replying to questions regarding the I.N.A. witness said that it was a volunteer army. He knew it from the many speeches which Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose had made to the I.N.A. personnel.

Q. As a matter of fact you know that compulsion was used to make them join the I.N.A.

Ans. As far as I am aware, no compulsion was used.

Witness said that he was not personally aware of the Japanese having taken any part in the formation of the I.N.A. He was not aware if the Japanese authorities had put a limit to the number of troops in the I.N.A. He did not know if the Japanese authorities ever paid the soldiers of the I.N.A. Japanese recognition of the Provisional Government was publicly announced by Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose himself and the Gazette of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind published the declaration.

The Indian Independence League had various departments and the Provisional Government got its policy executed through the staff and the other machinery of the League.

OFFER OF RICE TO BENGAL GOVT.

Q. You had referred to the famine in Bengal. How was the offer to send rice was made.

Ans. The offer was made through the Radio to the people of India for information and to the British Authorities in India to consider the offer. The offer was broadcast from Singapore either in July or August 1943. He could not tell whether it was announced on the Radio that the rice was to be sent from any port in Burma, but he remembered that it could be sent from any port in Burma if the British Authorities in India could vouchsafe safe conduct. The people of Burma were not starving for want of rice.

"OUR STRUGGLE".

Earlier witness identified a pamphlet entitled "Our Struggle" by Rash Bihari Bose, President, Council of Action, Indian Independence League. It was published in February, 1942.

Sir N. P. Engineer, the prosecutor, read out an extract from the pamphlet which stated "prior to election, Mr. Mohan Singh in his speech made statements which now appear to be misrepresentation of facts because he solemnly gave us to understand that the majority of the Indian army personnel were prepared to join this movement without any threat or force and that they had acclaimed him as their military leader. I was horrified later to learn of the atrocities meted out to officers and men of the Indian Army for which the blame naturally falls on Capt Mohan Singh. Many of our poor brethren were shot while many were tortured, humiliated or sent to concentration camp and thus by sheer threat and violence he demoralised the majority of officers and men and compelled them to become volunteers, which is against our principle. I for one will be the last man to see my countrymen shot in cold blood. This is what we are fighting for against the British and I personally cannot afford to see Indians tortured in this manner."

Witness said that he had seen the pamphlet but had not read the whole of it.

DENIAL OF "ATROCITIES."

Q. In spite of the professions of the voluntary nature of recruitment, in fact grossest atrocities were committed to compel people to join the I.N.A. do you deny it.

Ans. I am not personally aware of any atrocities of any nature committed on Indians to join the I.N.A. I categorically deny any atrocities were committed.

EVIDENCE OF ANOTHER MINISTER.

Lt. Col. A. D. Loganadan, one of the Cabinet Ministers and Chief Commissioner of the Andamans of the Provisional Government of Free India, was the next witness.

Col. Loganadan said that he was in charge of the No. Nineteen Indian General Hospital when Singapore fell. About September 1942, he became a member of the I.N.A. In the interval he continued in charge of his hospital, which was situated at Neesoon camp. Neescon camp was built for 2,000 men but there were about 12,000 men there, huddled together. Originally there were four hospitals at Neesoon camp and they served all the prisoners in that camp. Later on hospitals were sent out to Bidadari and Seletar camps.

Witness attended the Bangkok Conference, which was attended by about 110 delegates from all over the Far East Burma, Philippines, Hongkong, Sumatra, Java, the Celebes, Borneo, Shanghai, Canton and Indo-China.

The Conference passed 60 or 70 resolutions. The Chief resolution called on all Indians, especially the civilians to organise themselves, and to have one organisation to enable them to have security and safety of life and property and for their general welfare. They were to come under one organisation called the Indian Independence Movement and the various branches were to be called regional or local branches of the League. One of the resolutions sought to raise an Army.

ALLEGIANCE TO CONGRESS

Anything done by the Independence Movement, it was declared in the resolution, should be in conformity with the activities of the Indian National Congress. It was understood that when the Congress asked the I. N. A. to go to India, they ought to take steps to do that.

HARD DEAL FOR JAPS

Describing the crisis in the I. N. A. in Dec. 1942, witness said that the relations between Cap. Mohan Singh, C. O. C. of the I. N. A. and Mr. Rash Bihari Bose, President of the Indian Independence League and chairman of the Council of Action, were not very happy. On his personal knowledge, witness thought that Rash Bihari Bose, having lived so long with the Japanese, was inclined to be guided and controlled by them, whereas Mohan Singh felt that the Japanese should be dealt with a firmer hand than what Rash Bihari Bose would be able to do.

The I. N. A. was a branch of the Independence League. As Mohan Singh was not very happy with Rash Bihari Bose, he took a lot of responsibility on his own shoulders in dealing with the Japanese. At the time of the crisis Mohan Singh used to ask some of the senior officers to meet him in his bungalow. Witness was one of them. Mohan Singh explained to them that the Bangkok Conference resolutions had not so far been ratified by the Japanese.

PROTEST AGAINST JAPS USING INDIAN A. A. BATTERIES

Mohan Singh's demand that the I.N.A. should be treated as an Allied Army had not been met. Mohan Singh protested strongly against the use of a few Indian A. A. Companies by the Japanese for defence purposes because he thought that they should be handed over to him. The Japanese did not hand over these A. A. Batteries till Babu Subhas Chandra Bose came. The Japanese had arranged for a ship to transfer some I.N.A. troops to Burma and members of the Council objected to the troops being sent without their knowledge. Mohan Singh told his senior officers that it was impossible to carry on in those circumstances and that he was going to dissolve the I.N.A. Mohan Singh was arrested and taken away under Ras Behari Bose's orders and the I.N.A. was then dissolved under Mohan Singh's instructions. The members of the Council of Action at this time were Mr. Raghavan, Mr. K. P. K. Menon, Gen. Mohan Singh and Col. Giani. The President was Rash Behari Bose.

After December, 1942, witness was at Bidadari, the I.N.A. Headquarters. He was in charge of the Medical Department. Witness met Babu Subhas Chandra Bose when he arrived in Singapore on July 2, 1943.

ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLES CEDED TO AZAD HIND GOVT.

Witness said that at the Far Eastern Asiatic Conference, the Andaman and Nicobar Islands were ceded to the Provisional Government on February 17, 1944. There was a ceremony at the Independence League Headquarters at Port Blair, at which the Andamans and Nicobars were formally handed over to him. The ceremony was attended by the Japanese Rear-Admiral in charge as well as the Army Commander there. Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose appointed witness as Chief Commissioner of the Islands.

Before leaving Singapore, witness' instructions were to take five persons with him and he left for the Andamans with Major Alvi, Lt. Subha Singh, Lt. Mohd. Iqbal and a stenotypist, Mr. Srinivasan.

INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

Witness said that after the ceremony at Port Blair, he took charge of the civil administration which was functioning there. Major Alvi was given charge of the Education Department in Andamans, Lt. Subha Singh of Revenue and Finance, and Lt. Iqbal Singh of Police.

Witness administered the islands until September 1944, when he returned to Singapore. In November 1944, he submitted a report of his administration to Subhas Chandra Bose. Netaji wanted him to go to Rangoon to give him the report personally and to accompany him to Tokyo where he was going, so that witness might represent any difficulties to the Japanese Foreign Office. As witness was too ill at that time and confined to bed, he could not go, and when Babu Subhas Chandra Bose returned from Tokyo to Singapore, he gave Bose his report. Witness produced the report which he submitted on that occasion.

Major Alvi was appointed officiating Chief Commissioner in witness' absence.

RENAMED

During witness' administration the islands were renamed Shahid (Andamans) and Swaraj (Nicobars).

Witness said that the Provisional Government of Free India was recognised by all the Axis Powers—Germany, Italy, Japan, Croatia, Manchuria, Philippines, the Nanking Government, Siam and Burma.

I.N.A. PURELY VOLUNTARY

The Indian National Army was purely voluntary. As far as witness was aware, no coercive methods were used in recruiting. He was aware as a member of the Provisional Government that the Provisional Government declared war on Britain and America.

From October 1944, witness was a patient in quarters in Singapore.

SAFEGUARDING CIVILIAN LIFE & PROPERTY

The I.N.A., said Col. Loganadan was a source of great strength to the civilian population. When witness surrendered himself at Rangoon, for about a fortnight the I.N.A. took charge of the whole of the Rangoon area and maintained law and order in accordance with instructions left behind by Netaji. When the Japanese invaded nearly 10,000 Indians were murdered, and to prevent such calamity, the I.N.A. was charged with the responsibility of safeguarding the life and property of all civilians be they Chinese, Burmese or Indians.

Both in Malaya and in Burma, civilians were recruited to the I.N.A.

Cross-examined by Sir N. P. Engineer, Col. Loganadan said that his authority for the statement that the Andamans and Nicobars were ceded to the Provisional Government was a broadcast from Tokyo. He did not remember the exact wording of the broadcast.

Q.: I put it to you that the Andamans and Nicobars were never ceded by the Japanese to the Provisional Government of Free India?

A.: I would not have gone there if they had not been ceded.

Q.: I put it to you that all that the Japanese did was to promise to give hem after the war was over?

A.: No.

Sir N. P. Engineer: I put it to you that the only department which was completely handed over to you was the Education Department?

A.: The only department which I took over was the Education Department.

Q.: You refused to take over the other departments?

A.: I was not prepared to take over the other departments if the Police Department was not handed over to me.

Q.: While you were in the Andamans you could not send any communication to Babu Subhas Chandra Bose except through the Japanese?

A.: I used to submit a monthly report to the Head of the State.

Further questioned, witness replied; There was no other means of communication, so I had to send my reports throug the Japanese.

REPORTS CENSORED?

Q.: Were your reports censored by the Japanese?

A.: I used to give them sealed and ask the Japanese to forward them to the Head of State.

Q.: Is it correct to say that some of your reports had to be changed because the Japanese would not agree to the wording?

A.: In one case the Japanese sent me my report, with the request that I should change it in one or two places because there were one or two points which might be dangerous if they got into enemy hands.

Q.: You were not allowed to have a radio set for yourself?

A.: I asked for a radio set and the Japanese said that they would get me one. There was a great shortage and the Japanese said they could not find one immediately.

DID NOT CARE TO SEE DEFENCE WORKS

Q.: You were not allowed to see any of the defence works?

A.: Your question suggests that I tried to see the defence works and was refused. That is not so because I did not care to see the defence works.

Witness said that when he was sent by Babu Subhas Chandra Bose to the Andamans and Nicobars, a letter of Authority was given to him

BHULABHAI OBJECTS

There was a passage between Mr. Desai and Sir Noshirwan Engineer when the Advocate-General drew witness' attention to the following sentence in the letter written by Japanese authorities to Bubu Subhas Bose:

"It is to be understood that pending the completion of the transfer of all departments, an official of the Provisional Government bearing some such title as Chief Commissioner of Andamans and Nicobar Islands should be despatched to co-operate fully in the Military Administration of the Islands under the direction of the Naval Commandant there."

Sir Noshirwan asked: "That was all the authority given to you."

Mr. Desai objected to the question. "The document speaks for itself", he remarked. "It is for the Court to construe that document.

Sir Noshirwan maintained he was entitled to get from witness how he got his authority.

The President ruled it was in order to ask witness to say where he derived his authority from.

Sir Noshirwan repeated his question and witness replied that so far as that particular letter was concerned his instructions were as given therein, but he contended that these instructions were governed by the letter given to him by Babu Subhas Bose because Bose's letter gave him wider powers.

Witness added that apart from the letter from Bose, he received verbal instructions from Bose before witness went to the Indamans. These verbal instructions were that consistent with local difficulties, witness should take over the whole of the islands as soon as possible.

"JAP METHODS".

Witness put in a number of the monthly reports which as Chief Commissioner of the Andamans he had made to Babu Subhas Bose. One of these reports mentioned the trial by the Japanese of alleged spies, many of whom were hanged or shot and others imprisoned. Another report spoke of a few being understood to have died of illness developed during detention. By that sentence witness said he meant they died of torture while in police custody.

A third report referred to "Japanese methods", by which witness said he meant atrocities. Witness said he could not put these things plainly because his letters were being scrutinised by the Japanese and he wanted that the Head of the State (Subhas Bose) should knew the position.

During the time you were there, gross atrocities were committed by the Japanese in spying cases.

Ans: Yes.

Q: You were aware of that and you were unable to remedy the matter.

Ans: Yes.

From time to time witness held discussions with the Japanese Civil Administrator on the feasibility of taking over all the departments one by one. He was asked to take over all the departments except the Police and his demand was that without the Police Department he was not prepared to take over other departments.

Sir Noshirwan put a series of questions about the exact scope of the administration of the Provisional Government in the Andamans.

WHAT WERE YOU DOING?

Q: The Civil Administration of the Islands was in the hands of Hochi, the head of the Civil administration, and the Military and Naval administration was in the hands of the Japanese Rear-Admiral. Then what were you doing apart from running schools and self-sufficiency programme.

Witness explained the work done under education and the self-sufficiency programme.

Sir Noshirwan impatiently exclaimed: Your mentioning it six times does not increase the importance of your work.

Col. Loganadan: You have asked me the same question six times.

Witness went on to explain that besides education and self-sufficiency programme, he got as much information as possible about spying and used to make representation to the Japanese authorities and also receive reports from Mohammed Iqbal who was the Chief Justice in civil matters.

Further cross-examination was adjourned till to-morrow.

KHARE ON CAPT. LAXMI'S DETENTION

Says Govt. Has No Official Information

CALCUTTA, Dec. 10. (A.P.I.) - "The Government of India will do all that is possible to safeguard the interests of Indians in Burma, Malaya and other empire countries, and so far as I am concerned, I will do my best to see that it is done on the right lines", said the Commonwealth Relations Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, Dr. N. B. Khare, in an interview to the Associated Press of India today.

Dr. Khare declined to say anything about the report recently submitted by Mr S. K. Chettur on the condition of Indians in Malaya as he said, it was still a "secret document."

Asked about Capt. Lakshmi of the Indian National Army, now under restraint at Kalaw under the Defence of Burma Rules, Dr. Khare said that no official information had yet been received about her by the Government of India.

The Commonwealth Relations Member did not also want to say anything on the Congress Working Committee's decision to depute Pandit Nehru to visit Burma and Malaya for investigating conditions and defending the rights of Indians in these two lands.

Release Of Indians Suspected Of Collaboration With Japs

MADRAS, Dec. 10. (A.P.I.)

The Government of India have promised to take steps to persuade the Malayan administration to release all those civilians who have been arrested and detained only for collaboration with enemy during Japanese occupation.

They have also decided to send adequate legal assistance for the defence of Indian nationals who will be finally brought to trial by Malayan administration.

This is revealed by a statement issued today by Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer, President of the Malaya and I.N.A. defence committee.

Purse For Nehru For I. N. A. Relief

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11, (U.P.I.): A purse of Rs. 5,001 was presented to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru by the Jayaswal Sangh this morning at the residence of the Congress President for the relief of the I.N.A. men and women suffering in and outside India.

Pandit Nehru is leaving Calcutta for his Assam tour to-morrow. After his return from Assam he will visit Santiniketan on December 22.

Punjab Ban On I.N.A. Calendar

LAHORE, Dec. 11. (U.P.I.): The Punjab Government by an order on December 6 has forfeited all copies of the 'Indian National Army Calendar 1946" published by Mulavi Mohammad Ahmed and printed at the Mehta Art Press, says a Press Note.

The Calendar contains photographs of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on the top with Mr. Subhas Bose taking the salute from the I.N.A. on one side and the Personnel of the Defence Committee of the I.N.A. on the other and beneath them photographs of Capt. Shah Nawaz, Capt. Shehgal and Lt. Dhillon, adds the Press Note.

The Government has also prohibited further publication, sale or distribution of the said calendar.

"AZAD HIND" PARTY SCORES.

DACCA, Dec. 10. (A.P.I.): The newly formed "Azad Hind" party has captured 19 out of 20 seats in the election of the Jagannath Hall Union of the Dacca University.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange to-day continued its current upward trend in all sections on good buying support, and very satisfactory business was recorded.

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3.1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 103/10, 4 per cent Loan 60/70 113/4 4.1/2 per cent 55/60 117/6.

BANKS: Imperial Conty. 591, Reserve 157.

COTTON: Cawnpore Textiles 13/6, Dunbar 383 Muir 491.

COALS: Bengal 818, New Beerbhoom 48/14, Raneegunge 66/6 Union 56/2.

JUTE: Anglo-India 597, Barnagore 358 Champdany 318, Howrah 114/12 XD, Kamarhatty 925, Kankinarrah 793, Kilmison 530 Reliance 97/2.

MININGS: Burma Corpn. 7/6, Consolidated Tin 7/7, Ind. Copper Corpn, 4/8.

ENGINEERING: Ind. Iron and Steel Ord, 47/4, Steel Corpn. of Bengal Ord, 42/1.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 16/12 Br. India Corpn. 8/10, Cal. Tramways 55/14, Dunlop Rubber 80, Ind. National Airways 25/4, B. B. Petrol 5/11 Titaghur Paper 37/10, Ind. General Navgn. 249.

SUGARS: Balrampore 17, Cawnpore 43/6, Belsund 17, Champaran 42/13, Carew and Co. 34/10.

TEAS: Bateli 20/14 Duffaghur 36/4, Eastern Cachar 13/12.—A. P.

INDORE SHARES.

INDORE, Dec. 11.

Closing quotations:—Indore Malwa 774, Hukamchand 963, Bhandari Mill 794, Vinod Mill 659, Kalyanmal 314, Kalyanmalpre 172, Rajkumar 225, Indore Bank 82.

A.-I. Co-op. Insurance Societies' Conference

The All-India Co-operative Insurance Societies' Conference, was inaugurated by Sir Godfrey Collins, Adviser to the Governor of Bombay, at the Sir Vithaldas Memorial Building, Bakehouse Lane, Bombay, on Monday afternoon. Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt, President of the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society, Limited, presided.

Sir Godfrey Collins said that the development of the co-operative movement during the past 25 years had been one of the brighest landmarks in India's history. It had succeeded so well because it had been able to command the best brains in the country and the co-operation of all sections in the country in the fullest sense of the term.

CO-OP. INSURANCE TO HELP HOUSING SOCIETIES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Various resolutions were passed today at the concluding session of the All-India Co-operative Insurance Societies' Association. Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhatt presided.

One resolution stated that in view of the existing restrictions on investments of Insurance Companies, further restrictions on their powers to invest imposed by various Co-operative Acts, placed them at great disadvantage as against Joint Stock Companies. The resolution requested the various authorities concerned to remove such restrictions.

Another resolution "begged to draw the attention of the Central Government" to the fact that the earnings on Life Funds could not be construed as profits. It urged the Central Government to remit the tax payable on the income derived from investment on Government securities.

A resolution on the development of Housing Societies stated:

DEVELOPMENT OF HOUSING SOCIETIES

"This meeting of the All-India Co-operative Insurance Societies' Association welcomes the development of housing societies on co-operative lines, and with a view to relieve the present acute shortage of decent housing accommodation, both in the urban and rural areas, requests all co-operative insurance societies to render the necessary financial assistance by means of loans at reasonable rates or otherwise, to such societies.

This meeting requests the Central and Provincial Governments, the Governments of the Indian States and other authorities concerned to formulate schemes for enabling co-operative insurance societies to render the necessary financial assistance to housing societies by guaranteeing the security of capital and reasonable interest.

"This meeting further requests the Central Government to treat such investments as falling within the scope of 'approved securities' for the purpose of Section 27 of the Insurance Act, 1938."

Gandhiji's Short Cut To "Real Swaraj"

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11. (A.P.I.): If the people at large observed the principle economy in everything, then there would be no famine, not only in Calcutta but anywhere in the world, said Mahatma Gandhi at today's prayer meeting at Sodepore.

He advised the people to accept everything as God's gift and not to spend anything more than their requirements. The sign of Zero, he said, signified nonentity and if all people could reduce themselves to nonentity like the Zero, there would be no conflict of interests and real Swaraj would be at their door in no time. This type of Swaraj would be most powerful, Gandhiji added.

MYSORE INVITES MAHATMA

BANGALORE, Dec. 11. (U.P.I.): The President of the Mysore State Harijan Sevak Sangh has sent a wire to Mahatma Gandhi inviting him to visit Mysore during his tour of South India. It is learnt, the Government of Mysore will give all facilities during Mahatmaji's stay in the State.

GANDHIJI TO VISIT SANTINIKETAN

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 10 (A.P.I.): It is reliably learnt that Mahatma Gandhi will visit Santiniketan about the middle of this month. It will be his first visit to this place after the death of Poet Tagore.

Jawahar's Call To Students

CALCUTTA, Dec. 11 (A.P.I.): The importance of a scientific approach to life's problems and a give-and-take attitude to society was emphasised by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a meeting of University students in the Science College of the University this afternoon.

TRIBUTE TO CALCUTTA YOUTH

Earlier, Pandit Nehru referred to the recent Calcutta disturbances and said: "What happened in Calcutta in those days did not only symbolise the spirit of the youth of Calcutta but of the old also,—the situation unveiling what has happened all over India and what might happen "all over India." Pandit Nehru praised the power of endurance, courage and ability exhibited by the young men and women of Calcutta on that occasion.

Asaf Ali For Madras

CACUTTA, Dec. 11. (U.P.I.): The "United Press of India" understands that Mr. Asaf Ali, member of the Congress Working Committee, is likely to fly to Madras on December 15. He will stay there for two days and then return to Delhi.

NESTLE'S
MALTED MILK

Laski Supports 'Quit India' Demand

ANYONE OPPOSED TO ACTION IS ENEMY OF SOCIALISM

Labour Party Chairman Deplores British Policy Towards Indonesia, Russia And Europe In General

LONDON, Dec. 10 (Reuter).—"It is time that we left India", declared Prof. Laski, Chairman of the British Labour Party, giving his views on the Indian problem to an audience of 600 at the Ealing Town Hall last night.

"India is competent to govern itself and I think the business of the Labour Government, when the Indian Provincial elections have been held—and it is clear where their character lies—is to Indianise the whole of Viceroy's Cabinet.

This Cabinet must summon a small Constituent Assembly, sitting in secret, Prof. Laski said, adding: "When the Constitution has been drafted, there should be negotiations between ourselves and the Indian Government on a treaty arrived at, like the one with Ireland in 1921, in which we agree to put the treaty on the statute book and set India free."

Regarding the all-party delegation to visit India, Prof. Laski said: "I do not think the all-party delegation to India will do any harm, but I am not satisfied that it will necessarily do good.

I am not content with the policy of the British Government in India, and I regard the conferment of Self-Government upon India as the acid test of the Labour Government."

Prof. Laski went on: "If India then decides that she wants to remain within the British Commonwealth, she is free to do so, but if she decides that her destiny is outside the Commonwealth then she is free to follow that course.

ENEMY

"I find it unbearable to think that in the war where we have been fighting for democracy and where great numbers of Indian soldiers have played such a great part in the winning of our Victory, Indians should be gaoled and beaten, because they seek to serve the cause of Indian freedom.

Any British political leader, Socialist or otherwise, who seeks to delay or prevent the fulfilment of Indian freedom is the enemy of Socialist principles." Prof. Laski declared.

He also criticised the Labour Government for its attitude towards Indonesia, Russia, Spain and Europe generally.

Commenting on Lord Wavell's speech at Calcutta to-day, Prof. George Catlin, the Labour Party intellectual, told Reuter: "The speech seemed to approximate to that kind of clear declaration of principle which has long been demanded as the basis, pending actual working out of details of India's future.

While many of us here have used what little influence we have to counsel patience on the part of Indian leaders in solving issues which must affect India for centuries, we have, nevertheless, borne in mind that it is impossible to treat a great nationalist movement—even in its forms of aberration which are most difficult for a military mind to comprehend—in a moralistic manner.

The Indian National Army trial, for instance, is far more serious than was allowed for and it is arousing more feeling than leaders of the Congress bargained for. Patently, no government, least of all one which has just assured the reins of power, would want to encourage anarchy or military disturbances."

YOUR LUCK FREE

Test The Divine Power

Full year life Reading in monthly details concerning your health wealth profession, life, marriage, finance, children, causes and remedies of your failures and worries together with your Lucky Birth stone will be foretold. Send no money advance. Simply name any flower and letter writing time to

Prof. COMAR
P.O. Box No. 149, LAHORE.

DO YOU REMEMBER 1921?

DO YOU REMEMBER THE DREAM OF CHARKA AND HANDLOOMS?

THIS MISERY OF NAKEDNESS COULD BE, CAN BE, SHALL BE AVOIDED

WATCH

THE INDIAN HANDLOOM MFG. CO., LTD.

For Share Prospectus and details of Shares please write to the Mg. Agents.

WANTED RESPECTABLE AGENTS.

Inserted by:—
MR. I. B. BHATTACHARYA
Mg. Dir.—THE INDIAN MACHINE TOOL MFG. CO. LTD.
" —THE INDIAN CUTLERY MFG. CO. LTD.
Prop. —INDO BRITISH ENGINEERS
" — I. BHATTACHARYA & CO.

2, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA.

Telegram: "Intish" Phone—Cal. 1817.

CHILD

(TREATMENT WITHOUT OPERATION)

If you are Childless, consult the undersigned a renowned specialist of all India fame, whose special scientific treatment, i.e., Diathermy, Blood pressure medium chemical and myroscopictests, Injections and ultra violet Ray application with Ayurvedic and Saniasi tried specifics have helped thousands from all parts of India. If it is not possible for you to come here then send full particulars and get the medicine. A most efficient specialist Dr. T. C. Dewan cures Men's diseases. Phone 2497-2021.

Lady Dr. KAVIRAJ SATYAVATI
2, Hospital Road, LAHORE.

The Mid-morning Investment

THE mid-morning cup of tea! Be it for office-worker or housewife, manual labourer or artist. What a comfort and joy—what a marvellous investment in terms of renewed energy and concentration.

And yet, even of those who regularly seek tea's beneficent aid, a great many fail to get the full benefit because they fail to follow the simple rules of good tea making.

Turn to tea whenever you are worried, tired, or lonely, but see that your tea is properly made.

★

HOW TO MAKE GOOD TEA

1 Don't brew your tea in the kettle. Use a teapot for brewing.

2 The teapot should be warm and dry when you put in the dry tea. This assures correct infusion and flavour.

3 Put one teaspoonful of fresh dry tea leaves for each cup and one extra for the pot.

4 Use only freshly-boiled water—never water that has been previously boiled, under-boiled, or over-boiled. Water is boiling when it is bubbling and *not* before.

5 The time for infusion is not less than five minutes.

6 Don't add sugar and milk while the tea is still in the pot, but only after it is poured out in cups.

ANY TIME tea IS TEA TIME

INSERTED BY THE INDIAN TEA MARKET EXPANSION BOARD
IK 247

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

It must be a very happy day for my old friend Asuf Fyzee, an ex-Secretary of the B.C.A. At long last, his dream for a Zonal tournament is coming true. Getting disgusted with the annual communal show which has been eating into the vitals of our body politic, he conceived the idea of a national competition on territorial basis nearly ten years ago. It saw the light of day through the columns of the "Kaiser-i-Hind". I had no knowledge of it until he gave me a copy of the scheme himself. It did not take me long to realise the goodness of it and its immense potentialities for the future. Therefore I lost no time in starting a campaign in its favour. At the outset it was received with coldness and even antagonism by the powers that be. They thought here was an enemy which had come out to kill their favourite festival. They would not allow such a calamity to happen for anything in the world.

A DREAM COMING TRUE!

Undaunted by their severe criticisms and opposition I have persisted in my campaign—almost single-handed—all these years. It is therefore a matter of utmost satisfaction to me that my pains are about to be rewarded. The C.C.I. has now definitely decided to sponsor the tournament all on its own. They had at first sought the co-operation of all the principal Gymkhanas. But as usual, the Hindu Gymkhana stood in its way. The questions of representation on the Tournament Committee and financial adjustments their initial move crashed. But Abu Jasdenwalla and Co., once they saw the soundness of the plan, were determined to carry it through. So they are going to sponsor it now all on their own. I congratulate them most heartily on the bold step they are about to take.

ZONAL QUADRANGULAR.

So it will be a Quadrangular—not a Pentangular as I had suggested,—between the four Zones. This has been done apparently with a view to shorten the duration of the competition. It would have been a different thing if it were to replace the communal Pentangular. But with the latter still occupying the stage, another prolonged affair would be too much of a good thing. A wise step has, however, been taken to balance the four Zones in respect of their playing strength. Thus Maharashtra and Sind have been ceded from the West Zone and attached to the South and North Zones respectively. This will particularly help the south. The C.C.I. will appoint four sub-committees with a representative from each of the Zones to select their respective teams.

GIVE IT A HEARTY SUPPORT.

I have no doubt that this will help to assemble the best talents in the country for the fray. Merit alone—and not communal colour—will count in the matter of selections. It is a pity the tournament cannot be staged earlier than the middle of February. This is a most unsuitable time for the student community as they will have their university examinations in the following month. But it cannot be helped—at any rate, this season. I hope that efforts will be made to hold it during the Christmas holidays in future. That will assure an all-round success. Now it is up to those who dislike communal sport in any shape or form, to rise to the occasion and give the Zonal tournament an enthusiastic support. The Frankenstein of communalism will only vanish when we shun in every walk of life. Let sportsmen set the example, and leave it to others to follow suit.

Germolene
ASEPTIC OINTMENT

NEGLECT of a simple skin abrasion may bring life-long misery—especially injuries to the leg or foot.

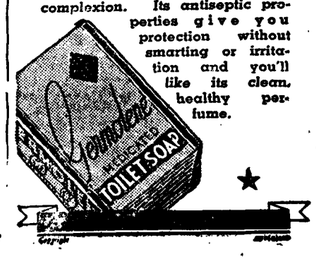
Mr. S. C. says:—"About three months ago I developed a sore on my leg. The sore developed into an ulcer. I then tried *Germolene* and honestly, after the first application I found relief. The burning and inflammation passed away, after a week of *Germolene* the ulcers dried up."

Apply *Germolene* to the slightest wound, at once. Its soothing, healing, germ-killing, cleansing action banishes skin troubles in record time.

The Quickest Healer for ECZEMA, ULCERS, ABSCESSES, SKIN-INFECTION, IMPETIGO, BURNS, POISONED-WOUNDS, CUTS, etc.

GERMOLENE SOAP

Is an aseptic soap invaluable in cases of prickly heat and all skin infections. It is ideal for your complexion. Its antiseptic properties give you protection without smarting or irritation and you'll like its clean, healthy perfume.



TWO TITLES FOR PRAKASH & CHINOY

Mugwe And Madgavkar Defeated

In the final of ladies singles Miss Chinoy again accounted for Sunder Deodhar in two straight games at an aggregate of 15 points. Miss Chinoy won the first game without any difficulty but in the next Sunder who was quicker on her feet drew level at nine all. The extra points that issued, however, found the Poona player completely helpless against her opponent.

In the men's doubles finals, Davinder earned his only title of the tournament when in partnership with Louis he accounted for Mugwe and Madgavkar. The latter was entirely off colour and could do hardly anything right. The Punjab pair started attacking the former All-India Champion and found the results all to their liking. The left hander Mugwe was much more consistent and in patches was even brilliant.

The last match of the tournament, however, was the most keenly contested of the evening. Miss Sunder Deodhar and Prakash won the first game over the extra points but Miss Sunder Deodhar and Davinder won the next without any difficulty. In the third game Prakash established an initial lead of 6-0 but struck a bad patch thereafter with the result that Davinder equalised at six all. Davinder led for a while but his lead soon vanished as the new All-India Champion made his grip on the game firmer and ran out the ultimate winner.

The following were the results:—

Ladies singles final:—Miss Mumtaz Chinoy beat Miss Sunder Deodhar 11-6, 12-9.

Men's doubles final:—Davinder Mohan and Louis beat Madgavkar and Mugwe 15-6; 15-9.

Mixed doubles final:—Miss Suman Deodhar and Prakash Nath beat Miss Sunder Deodhar and Davindar Mohan 18-14; 8-15; 15-10.

"FORMIDABLE OPPONENT"

Australian Tributes To Indian Test Eleven

MADRAS, Dec. 11 (A.P.I.): If certain fielding weaknesses are rectified, the Indian Test Eleven will be a formidable opponent for a Test Eleven from any country, said F/Lt. K. E. O. Johnson, Manager of the Australian Services Cricket Team, which left for Colombo this morning, in an interview to the Associated Press of India.

A. L. Hassett, the Captain of the Australian Services side, said that the tour in India was most enjoyable and although they left India with the record of "one down" and square on the zonal games, they felt that their visit was a great success. "From our point of view" Hassett added, "we have increased our experience of cricket and cricketeers."

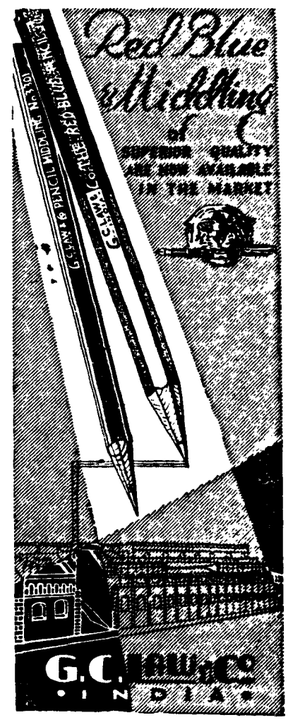
Aussies Leave India

MADRAS, December 11 (A. P. I.): The Australian Services Cricket Team left Madras this morning at 10 a.m. by 'plane for Colombo and were given a hearty send-off.

Anti-Malaria Exhibition

An anti-malarial exhibition has been put up by the girls of the Alexandra Girls English School under the guidance of the staff. The research work and statistics were the work of the staff and senior pupils. The actual exhibits were made by the pupils themselves.

The exhibition is open to the public at the St. Xavier's High School Hall on Monday and Wednesday 17th and 19th December, 1945 from 10-30 a.m. to 12 noon and 2-30 to 6 p.m. and for the parents and guardians of the children on Tuesday, 18th at the same times and place.


Red Blue & Pencils
of SUPERIOR QUALITY ARE NOW AVAILABLE IN THE MARKET
G.C. PENCIL CO. THE RED BLUE PENCIL MAKERS
G.C. PENCIL CO.
INDIA

The WOMEN of the family

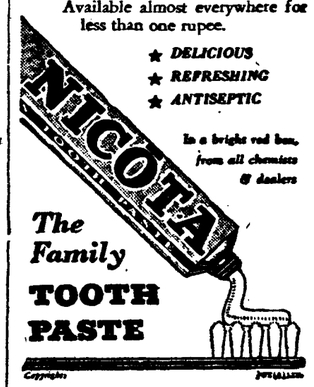
use NICOTA
The Family
TOOTH PASTE

because Nicota keeps teeth white and beautiful, helps a woman to look young. This is the most 'economical' first-class toothpaste for a whole family to use regularly. It suits everyone. For father who smokes, Nicota cleans with the same sure efficiency as it does in preserving the sparkle of a girl's teeth or the children's. Take a tube of Nicota home with you tonight!

Available almost everywhere for less than one rupee.

★ DELICIOUS
★ REFRESHING
★ ANTISEPTIC

In a bright red box, from all chemists & dealers



Copyright

NC. 5360 Size 10" x 1 col..1945

Purity guaranteed by the Largest and Pioneer Manufacturers of medicinal Castor Oil in India

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., BOMBAY 15.

NAS 148/5

It's as simple as ALL THAT!

Simple, safe and satisfying! Before you spend your time in needless worry, over difficult days and fear of delays, why not try Novum. A high-grade ethical product with an open formula. Recommended by doctors and nurses. Complete relief. Quick sure and effective.

Made in 3 strengths.

Price: per container of 21 capsules of ordinary strength of NOVUM, Rs. 12—8—0, per container of 63 tablets, of strong NOVUM (Forte) tablets, Rs. 21—0—0, price per container of 21 red capsules, special extra strong strength, Rs. 50—0—0.

Also available in "special injection form" for advanced and unyielding cases of female complaints.

Take 'Novum' at the first sign of delay—and see how comfortably you sail through your difficult days!

Available at all drug stores.

ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR describing a few of our outstanding products and our "Free Medical Advice Department."

NOVUM

HERING & KENT
P. O. Box 323 (B. C. B.)
261-263 Hornby Road, Fort
Bombay Phone: 24297

Stockists:— P. M ZAVERI & Co.
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

OLDEST AND BEST IN THE EAST..

Mritasanjibani Sura is a tonic based on an old Ayurvedic formula. For generations its infallibility has been proved by thousands upon thousands of gratified users. Tested by time our Mritasanjibani Sura has justly earned the right to be called the tonic that is the oldest and best in the East.

SAKTI'S
MRITASANJIBANI
SURA
THE AGE-OLD TONIC FOR ALL AGES!
ADHYAKSHA MATHUR BABU'S SAKTI OUSHADHALAYA
DACCA

AS-SYN. 85-1256

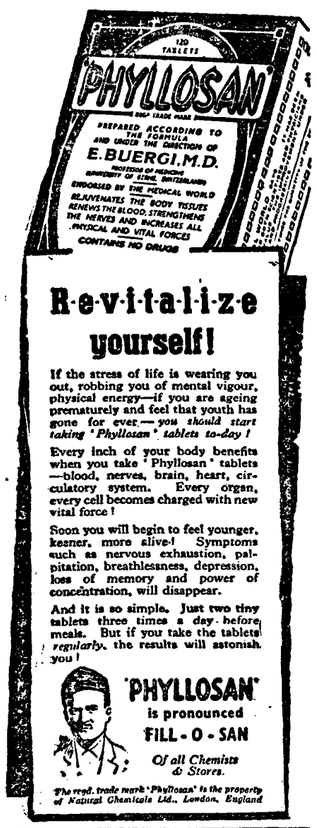
HERE Acme Biscuits ARE MADE

MODI BISCUIT COMPANY, MODINAGAR, BEGAMABAD.
MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH-CLASS BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY
MANAGING DIRECTOR :- RAI BAHADUR SETH G.M.MODI

ABP

FOREIGN EXCHANGE
OR
INLAND BANKING BUSINESS
CONSULT
THE
EXCHANGE BANK
OF
INDIA & AFRICA, LTD.
Ahmedabad, Akola, Amraoti Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta. Colombo, Delhi, Karachi Khamgaon, Kolhapur, Madras, Nagpur & Rajkot.
ADEN OFFICE
OPENING IN JANUARY

FREE
Youngmen send four annas stamps to first get the miraculously effective medicines for your disorders free for trial to get convinced of their action and avoid deception. For full details send -/4/- stamps for the Guide Book (110 pages). Correspondence kept confidential.
KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A., Famous Specialist Gold-medalist, Chamberlain Road, Lahore.


12 TABLETS
PHYLLOSAN
PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE FORMULA AND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
E.BUERGI.M.D.
PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE UNIVERSITY OF BERNE, SWITZERLAND
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL WORLD
REJUVENATES THE BODY TISSUES
RENEWS THE BLOOD, STRENGTHENS THE NERVES AND INCREASES ALL PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES
CONTAINS NO DRUGS
Revitalize yourself!
If the stress of life is wearing you out, robbing you of mental vigour, physical energy—if you are ageing prematurely and feel that youth has gone for ever—*you should start taking 'Phyllosan' tablets to-day!*
Every inch of your body benefits when you take 'Phyllosan' tablets—blood, nerves, brain, heart, circulatory system. Every organ, every cell becomes charged with new vital force!
Soon you will begin to feel younger, keener, more alive! Symptoms such as nervous exhaustion, palpitation, breathlessness, depression, loss of memory and power of concentration, will disappear.
And it is so simple. Just two tiny tablets three times a day before meals. But if you take the tablets *regularly*, the results will astonish you!

'PHYLLOSAN' is pronounced FILL-O-SAN
Of all Chemists & Stores.
The regd. trade mark 'Phyllosan' is the property of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London, England

Lenox
PHOTO MOUNTS, ALBUMS, CORNERS, FOLDERS, ETC.
AVAILABLE AT ALL GOOD PHOTO DEALERS
Lenox
PHOTO MOUNT MFG. CO.
LENOX HOUSE, MADURA also at 327-B THAMBU CHETTY STREET, MADRAS

Steel Shares Recover In Late Trading Early Losses

GOLD PRICES IMPROVE ON SHORT COVERING

Cotton Declines On Long Liquidation

Bombay, Dec. 11

The Share bazar opened steady but under scattered liquidation quotations recorded a further fall but at the decline there was scattered short covering which saved the market from a further decline. After yesterday's sharp decline the market was barely steady and still the market is reported to be long. It is true that after a sharp drop, there will be replacement support by sold out bulls but in the near future the market looks like drifting to lower levels. Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2555 and after declining to Rs. 2530 steadied at Rs. 2535. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 463 and after declining to Rs. 458 rallied to Rs. 460. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2140 and declined to Rs. 2135 and steadied at Rs. 2137. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 653 and after touching Rs. 657 steadied at Rs. 655. It is said that a large number of actual shares are being held in Budla.

Later on there was scattered buying and Tata Steel Defd shares improved to Rs. 2540. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 462. Bombay Dyeings stood at Rs. 2140 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 657.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The afternoon session ruled steady with further support. Tata Steel Dfds. Rs. 2558, Ordinary Rs. 464 Bombay Dyeing Rs. 2158, Kohinoor Rs. 664 Simplex Rs. 327, Swadeshi Rs. 620 Gokak Rs. 319 and Central India Rs. 421.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing XD 2142/8 Century 930 Nagpur 417/8 Swadeshi 619/8 New Great 418 Simplex 325/8 Kohinoor 657/8 Colaba 268 Gokak 318 Phoenix 782/8 Mysore 300 Indian Bleaching 206 Swan 344 Finlay 318 Morarjee 765 Indore 770 Edward Sassoon 777/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 462 Steel Dfds 2540

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 214 Andhra 1635 Tata Power 1947/8 Tram Ord 150/8

CEMENT

Assodiated Merger 235/12

INDUSTRIES

Burma 580 Alcock 431/4 Bellapur 235 Shivrajpur 58 Steamer Ord 627/8 Scindia 38/15 Construction 220

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/6/6 Elphinstnoe 85 I U Ord 16/1 Defd 3/2/3 Indian Mfg 3580 Kurla 286/14 Khatau 343/4 Dawn 1200 David 1280 New City 415 Minerva 245 Bradbury 390 Bharucha Dfds 11/8 Bharat 64/12 Madhavji 19/8 Model 271/4 Laxmi Cotton 1536 Vishnu Cotton 522/4 Western 3595 Standard 505 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 24 Hindustan 3700 Meyer Sassoon 210 Tata Mills 72 Ahd. Advance 458/12 Sassoon Silk 95 New Union 26/4 Poddar 360 Madhusudan 503/12 New 92 Shri Nivas 403/12 Raja Bahadur Poona 127/8 Berar 335

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 196/4 New 170 Surat 262/8 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 12/12 Almer 14/9 Amalgamated 18/14/6 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 245 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 155/8 Imperial 2427/8 P P 603/12 Central 101/4 India 224/12 Union 11/4 Baroda 162/8 Habib 84 Internation 50 A B C 44 Dena Bank 67 United 90 Jaipur 73/8 Hindustan 56/8 National Savings F P 72 P P 40 Mysore 383 Exchange 58 Eastern 106

INSURANCE

Oriental 6750 Empire 1232/8 New India 90/8 Jupiter 37 Vulcan 18/4 Indian Mercantile 70 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25/8 Br. I. Gen. 29/8 Ind Prud 51/8 Neptune 11/8

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 706/4 C. P. 111 Mymen.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

MILLS

Apollo 4/7/6 4/6/6
Bharat 66 64/12
Bharucha 12 11/8
B. Dyeing 2142/8 35 40 27/8 42/8 31/4 46/4 37/8 42/8
Central India (Ord) 420 15/8 19 17/8 19/8 17/8 18/8 17 17/8
Colaba 268 69 68
Edward 773 80 77/8
Elphinstone (Ord) 85/8 86
Finlay 318 16 18 16 19 18
Gokak 321 18 20 15/8 19 18
India United Defd 3/8 3/2/6 3/8 3/2/3
India United Ord 16/1 16/2 15/12 16 15/14 16/1
Indore 772/8 65 73/12 67/8 70
Kohinoor 658 55/8 56/8 54 55 52 59 56 58 56/8 60/8 36/8 57/8
Meyer 207/8 10
Morarjee 765 70 62/8 65
New Great 418 14 18 17 19 17 18
Simplex 326/8 24 27 25 27/8 24/8 25/8
Swadeshi 623 20/8 23 18 22 17/8 19/8
Swan 345 47 44
Tata Mills 73/8 71/12 72
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly. 705 6/4

BANKS

Baroda 163/8 62/8
Central 100 101/4
India 225 24/8 24/12
Reserve 156 56/8 65/8

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 196/4 200 196/4
Andhra Valley 1935
Tram (Ord) 151 50 51 50/8
Tram (Pref) 71 72/8
Hydro 215 14
Power 1950 52/8 45 52/8 47/8

INSURANCE

Bombay Steam 632/8 27/8
Scindia 39 38/12 38/15 38/14
Bengal Steel 42/2 42 42/6 42 42/2
Indian Iron 47/6 47/2 47/8 47/3 47/4
Tata Steel Defd 2555 57/8 40 45 22/8 45 32/8 40 30 48/12 36/4 40 35 40
Tata Steel Ord 462 60 60/6 57/8 62 60/8 61/8 60 63 61 62

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 431/4 32/8
A. Cement 235/8 34/8 35/12
Ealapur 235 34 36 35
Burma (Old) 580 71/4 82/8 80 85 80
Burma (New) 200 201/4
B B Petrol 5/9/6 5/10 5/9/6
Indian Bleaching 204 2 6
I. I. Trust 126/8
Shivrajpur 58/8 59 58
Tata Chemical (Ord) 17/6 17/14 17/8 17/14
Tata Oil 81/4 81 81/4 81

sing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/8 Sara Sirajganj 115/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 92/8 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 201/4 Burma Petrol 6/9/6 Tata Oil 81, Mackenzie 148/12 Port Canning 108 Kemp 616/4 Zandu 216/4 Indian Radio Ord 391/4 B 380 Dfds 425 Indian Investment Trust 126/8 Wimco 352/12 Tata Chemical 17/14 Dharamsi Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 14/11 Dena Trust 26 Alembic 322/6 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 134 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 705

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 229/6 Tata Steel Second 169 Tram 71/8 Andhra 1600 Tata Power 1700 Hydro 166/4 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 726/4 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 251/4 Poddar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 135 Bradbury 522/8 Surat Elec 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 122/8 Walchandnagar Industries 283/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 47/4 Bengal Steel 42/2 Indian Copper 4/5 B I C 8/9 Burma Corporation 7/9 New Victoria Mill 8/9 New Victoria Pref. 10/10 Cawnpore Tex 13 Raja Tex 64 Phalton 160 Gold Mohar 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 420 Osmanshahi 360 Ajamshahi 660

GOLD & SILVER

The bullion market was quietly steady with moderate selling. It appears that the market will be stabilised as most of the long interest is liquidated. Forward gold opened to-day at Rs. 80/12 and declined to Rs. 80/4 under professional selling. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 80/4. Forward silver opened at Rs. 133/8 and quietened at Rs. 133/4. Ready silver of 99 per cent fineness was quoted at a premium of annas ten while 96 per cent fineness siver was placed at Rs. 133/4. We look for narrow trading markets.

Later on there was increased support and the market closed as under:

Ready Silver	134	0	0
Forward Silver	133	10	0
Ready Gold	81	7	0
Forward Gold	81	6	0
Sovereigns	58	4	0

BOMBAY COTTON

The cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 430 for January delivery and quietened at Rs. 429 under scattered selling. The delivery period is drawing near and the near future of cotton prices entirely depends upon the ability of professional bulls to take up January tenders Moreover the market will have to await settlement of monthly tejimandi settlement.

There was long liquidation and January declined to Rs. 427/8.

There was moderate liquidation and January declined to Rs. 425/8 and steadied at Rs. 426/8.

The market declined to Rs. 425/8 when impressive support appeared and January hardened to Rs. 429/8 and steadied at Rs. 428/8. The market again declined to Rs. 426. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

I C C January	425	12	0
I C C March	434	12	0
I C C May	443	12	0

COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 790 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331

AMUSING—TRADING —EXCITEMENT—
THE GAME OF
MONETARY
SOLD EVERYWHERE
GLEN—LEVEN GAMES
59, Pathakwadi
Loharchawl, BOMBAY 2
AGENTS WANTED in all towns

BROVON
For
ASTHMA
Gives prompt and lasting relief
For full particulars write to:—
THE PREMIER TRADING Co,
Advani Chambers, Fort. Bombay.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 11th December 1945. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,72,00,000 (Rupees two crores seventy-two lakhs only). Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,12,00,00 the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0.6.9 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 18th December, 1945, in Calcutta up to 11 a.m., and up to the close of business on Monday, the 17th December 1945, at Bombay and other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 21st December 1945. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 7th December 1945, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,67,00,000—(Rupees three crores sixty-seven lakhs only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY

NEW YORK Dec. 10.

New York Cotton Market opened irregular and continued to move erratically in early deals with hedges against near months and trade buying of distant positions. Later prices drifted aimlessly owing to a general desire to await fresh developments in connection with export and labour situations. The steady undertone was due to continued tendency to emphasise recent bullish factors particularly prospective large-scale exports and inflationary factors. At midday the session turned quiet with prices seven lower to three higher. Latterly the market turned very steady on buying on trade account together with covering by shorts. Additional influences were substantial export demands while the meagreness of hedges was a contributing factor.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.

December	24.70+01
January	24.49+01
March	24.60+01
March highest (10 a.m)	24.62+03
March lowest (10-44 a.m)	24.55—04
May	24.48+05
July	24.16+03
October	23.37+02
December	23.29+04
Middling Spot	25.15+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

December	24.66+03
January	unquoted
March	24.58+08
May	24.48+07
July	24.15+05
October	23.35+05
Middling Spot	24.20—

NEW YORK COTTON

NOON CALL

December	24.62
March	24.57
May	24.46

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.

United States price of foreign silver & 71.1 cents
New York buying price 70-3/4 cents

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Dec. 10.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (New Crop) unoffered
Australian Wheat (Bulk) 61 quoted Dec/Jan (Old or New Crop)
Australian Wheat (Bags) unoffered

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Dec. 10.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	74-3/4
Consols 2-1/2 p c	90-7/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	102-7/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	112-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	89 correct
National Bank of India	42-1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Dec. 10.

T. T. London on: :
New Rork sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.45 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.65 buyers 16.95

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Dec 10. (Reuter)

Spot 44d Forward 44d Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 Months.
Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 Months.
B. O. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.
Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 1/16.
LONDON/NEW YORK:
Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D D. Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D D. Rs. 328-1/2
LONDON/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D. Rs 302 1/2.
Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D D Rs. 297 1/2.
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steadier.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c. 3 to 6 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1-1/4 p.c.
Tone: Easy.

Congress Charter Of Indian Independence

(Continued from Page 2.)

for the development of small-scale industry on a democratic basis.

URGENT PROBLEMS

While the immediate and urgent problems of India can only be effectively tackled by a joint and planned attack on all fronts—political, economic, agricultural, industrial and social—certain needs are of paramount importance to-day. Owing to the gross incompetence and mismanagement of the Government an incredible amount of suffering has been caused to the people of India. Millions have died of starvation, and scarcity of food and clothing is still widespread. Corruption in the services and in all matters pertaining to the supply and control of the vital necessaries of life is rampant and has become intolerable. These urgent problems require immediate attention.

INTERNATIONAL OBJECTIVES

In international affairs the Congress stands for the establishment of a World Federation of Free Nations. Till such time as such a federation takes shape. India must develop friendly relations with all nations and particularly with her neighbours. In the Far East, in South-East Asia and in Western Asia, India has had trade and cultural relations for thousands of years and it is inevitable that with freedom she should renew and develop these relations. Reasons of security and future trends of trade also demand closer contacts with these regions. India, which has conducted her own struggle for freedom on a non-violent basis, will always throw her weight on the side of world peace and co-operation. She will also champion the freedom of all other subject nations and peoples for only on the basis of this freedom and the elimination of Imperialism everywhere can world peace be established.

"QUIT INDIA"

On the 8th of August 1942, the All-India Congress Committee passed a resolution, since then famous in India's story. By its demands and challenge the Congress stands today. It is on the basis of this resolution and with its battle-cry that the Congress faces the elections.

CALL TO VOTERS

The Congress, therefore, appeals to the voters all over the country to support Congress candidates in every way at the forthcoming elections, and to stand by the Congress at this critical juncture, which is so pregnant with future possibilities. In these elections, petty issues do not count, nor do individuals, nor sectarian cries—only one thing counts: The Freedom and Independence of our Motherland, from which all other freedoms will flow to our people. Many a time the people of India have taken the Pledge of Independence; that pledge has yet to be redeemed, and the well-beloved cause for which it stands and which has summoned us so often, still beckons to us. The time is coming when we shall redeem it in full. This election is a small test for us, a preparation for the greater things to come. Let all those who care and long for freedom and the Independence of India meet this test with strength and confidence and march together to the Free India of our dreams.

WALL STREET FIRM.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.

Wall Street opened firm and active. Despite cautiousness, the market advanced during the morning and gains in rails, utilities and selected industrials were maintained towards noon. The pressure of idle funds persisted as the principal bullish factor. The market continued to advance in the afternoon led by steels and industrials specialities, although profit taking stalled many pivotals. Extreme advances of more than two points were reduced in most cases towards the close. Hopes for a readjustment of labour controversies persisted as a bidding inspiration as did optimism over prosperity prospects when reconversion is completed. The session closed firm. American Telephone 190-1/2 (190-3/4), Amerex Corpn 37-1/4 (37), Anaconda Copper 46-3/4 (46-3/4), Chase National 44.5/8 (—), Consolidated Oil 20-7/8 (20-7/8), Firestone Tyre 69.5/8 (69-3/4), General Electric 48-3/8 (47-7/8), General Motors 77 (77-1/8), Ingersol Rand 128.1/2 (129-3/4) International Nickel 38.7/8 (39), National City Bank 48-3/8 (48-1/4), New York Central 32-5/8 (33), Socony Vacuum Corpn 18.1/2 (18.3/8), Texas Corpn 60-1/2 (59.3/4), Union Carbon 100-1/4 (100) U. S. Smelting 75 (74-1/2), U. S. Steel Corpn 64-7/8 (64), Western Union Telegraph 53 (53.1/2).

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

Chicago Grains: After a steady opening grains turned firm attributed to lack of offering and tightness of the nearby supply situation with the latter development further emphasised by the exchange ruling not permitting new speculative trades in December 1945 in Wheat Maize and barley contracts. Selling was also discouraged by good demand for cash oats and large flour requirements.

December 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid)
May 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80 1/2 bid)
July 1.77-5/8 to 1.77-5/8 (1.77-3/8 to 1.77-1/2)

BOMBAY PRODUCE

BOMBAY, Dec. 11.

The market was quietly steady with a small business and quotations were as under. Groundnuts Khandesh quality Rs. 17/12 Bold Rs. 17. Madras Goa November/January Rs. 17/13 and December/February Rs. 17/11. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 16/4, Navlakhi Rs. 16/6 and Goa Rs. 16/8. Linseed C. P. Ready Rs. 20/1 Bombay Feb./March Rs. 20/1, March/May Rs. 19/15 Vizagapatam Rs. 18/6, Satna Rs. 19/14 and Navlakhi Rs. 20/3.

CLOSE THE DOOR
ON WORRY
You can look forward to a happy future for yourself and your family with a Jayabharat policy.
Jayabharat
INSURANCE CO. LTD.
22, Apollo Street, Bombay
AGENTS and INSPECTORS WANTED.

A BOON TO CHILDREN!
BALSATHI
Best cure for all diseases of children used throughout India for the last 30 years. Sold at all Chemists or write to:—
VAIDYA JAGANNATH G., Varadh Office, NADIAD.

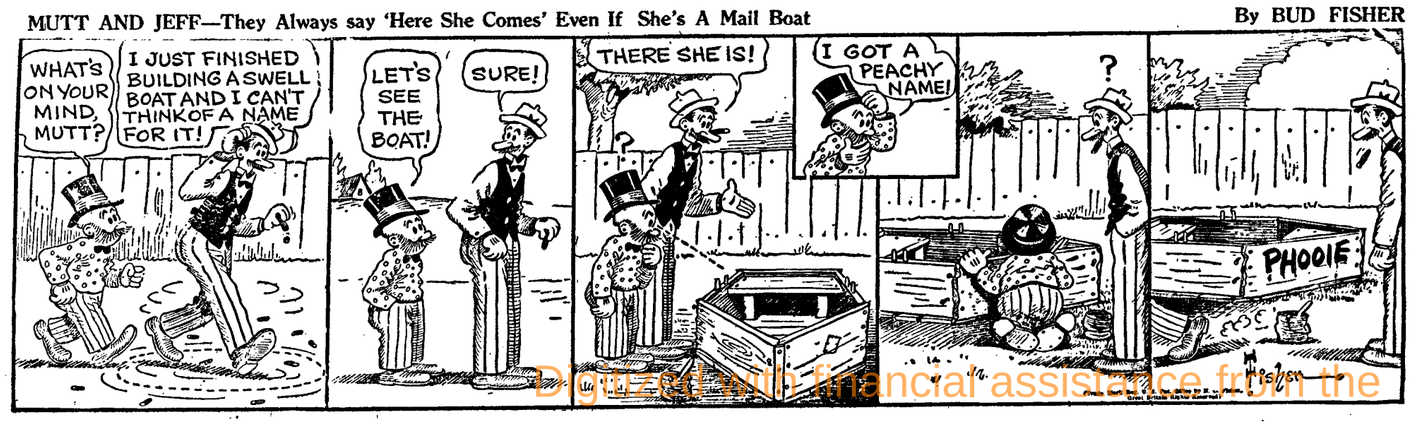
REWARD £ 500
YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS
"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men.
"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.
"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN".
In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.
GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention
NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "Otogen" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.
Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO, OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.
OTOGEN LABORATORIES (ENGLAND)
27, Nicholson Road, LAHORE.
Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.
Stockists:—Perry & Co., Ltd., Grant Road, Bombay.
M/s. MARSHALL & CO., 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay
HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
VORA BROS., Princess Street, Bombay.
P. HARKINDAS & CO., Lamington Road, Bombay.
GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

ESTD. 1930
Phone-Cal. 2546 Tele.—Payment.
BHARATI CENTRAL BANK Ltd
Head Office—15 Clive Street, CALCUTTA.
CAPITAL

Authorised Capital		Rs.	1,00,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Exceeds	Rs.	5,87,000
Paid-up Capital	Exceeds	Rs.	5,10,000
Working Capital	Exceeds	Rs.	1,20,00,000

SUBCLEARING IN BOMBAY. LIQUID FUNDS POSITION Very strong, exceeds 66 p.c. of the deposits.
INVESTMENT
in Government papers, Reserve Bank shares and other stocks is the special mark.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES ALL OVER INDIA.
CHAPRA BRANCH opened on 7-11-45. Dr. Syed Mahmud, the ex-member, the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress presided.
Mg. Director.—Mr N. C. DATTA, M. A B. L.

MUTT AND JEFF—They Always say 'Here She Comes' Even If She's A Mail Boat — By BUD FISHER


WHAT'S ON YOUR MIND, MUTT?
I JUST FINISHED BUILDING A SWELL BOAT AND I CAN'T THINK OF A NAME FOR IT!
LET'S SEE THE BOAT!
SURE!
THERE SHE IS!
I GOT A PEACHY NAME!
?
PHOOIE

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Gujarati Hindu Bar-at-Law (temporarily outside Bombay) desires matrimony, suitable lady, age about thirty virgin or widow. No caste or provincial restrictions but gentle birth essential. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 225 "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Ladies desiring introduction to pen, personal friends, arts, hobbies, etc. enrolled free. Apply Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. 5712B

Introductions, Matrimonial, Companionship, Hobbies. Particulars. Six annas. Ladies free. Miss Jayashree, 773, Sadashiv, Poona 162

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted experienced qualified Woman Health Visitor and experienced Watch|Ward Woman, preferably ex C.I.D. Staff. Apply Shree Ram Mills Ltd., Fergusson Road, Bombay 13. (5853)

Wanted a Fast Typist either sex for Insurance Chief Agency Office. Apply immediately G.P.O. Box No. 1176, Bombay. (264)

Wanted: As Office Superintendent to manage Office Work and correspondence independently in a Deccan Sugar Mill, a smart Graduate in Arts or Commerce preferably an LL.B., having at least 8 to 10 years' experience of such work in business concerns. Must fully understand English system of Accountancy. Knowledge of Typing and Shorthand an advantage. Please apply with copies of Testimonials and salary required to Box No. 251 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Weaving Master for fine count mofussil Mill running on fancy goods. One with foreign experience preferred. Applications will be treated confidential. Pay according to merits. Apply Box No. 255 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for our Sugar Mills:— (1) Managers, B.Scs. or M.Scs., impressive personality with 10 to 12 years administrative and organising experience as Manager of a Sugar Mill. (2) Chief Engineers. B.Sc. in Engineering or M.Sc. with experience of at least 10 years in the position of a Chief Engineer in efficient Sugar Mills. (3) Cane Managers, Educated, experienced and energetic persons possessing good health. (4) Field Assistants for Cane Development. (5) Laboratory-in-charges for the Mills and our Head Office. Must be B.Scs. with 3 to 4 years experience of Sugar mills. (6) Store-Keepers. Preferably I.A.or I.Scs. having 5 to 6 years experience as such and ready to deposit a cash security upto a maximum of Rs. 1,000/- (7) Cashiers. Experienced persons who can furnish a cash security of Rs. 5,000/- Please apply stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 5847 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted influential and experienced Managers and Accountants for a progressive Scheduled Bank for local and upcountry Branches. Apply stating qualifications, previous experience, age, family connections and references. If not in service now, the last place and nature of Office must be stated. Post Box No. 5850, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—An experienced Manager to look after a new Hosiery factory. Only men of experience should apply stating terms, pay according to qualifications & experience, to Box No. 5801 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lady Secretary-Stenographer for Director of leading commercial firm in Bombay with good speed both in typewriting and stenography and preferably with secretarial experience. Salary according to qualifications. Please apply stating age, educational qualifications and experience to Box No. 5802. "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Matrics! Become Graduates (Punjab University) by 15 months' home study Apply Dewan's, Lahore 69

Become Accountant, Secretary Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D.Com courses. American Correspondence College (BC), Delhi. 5804A

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Earn Rs. Six daily. Buy Easy Cotton Calculation at Rs. 4 Special Calculation Rs. 10. Fulgaliwalla, Ahmed Bldg., Golpitha, Bombay. (257)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Rubber Hot Water Bags (Made in England), Coramine liquid, Kepler Codliver preparations, Napthalene Balls, can now be had from Marshall & Co. (Chemists), 171, Hornby Road, Bombay. (269)

Medical Propagandists required by established pharmaceutical works for Bombay, C.P., C.I., Delhi and Madras. Must be experienced. Box No. 267, "Bombay Chronicle."

PARTNERS WANTED

Wanted as a working partner to invest Rs. 10,000|- to 20,000|- in any good profitable business. Apply with experience and guarantee: Box No. 265, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

NATIONAL STUDIOS LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of National Studios Limited, will be held at 60, Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, on 24th December, at 3 P.M. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1945.
2. To consider the recommendation of the Directors to pay a dividend of Rs. 6|- per share (tax-free) on the Preference and 10% on Ordinary Shares respectively of the Company.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and under Article 104 of the Articles of Association of the Company, but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which may be brought before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 18th December, 1945, to 31st December, 1945, (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
R. C. BHAVSAR,
Manager.

Bombay, 12th November, 1945. (5851)

PUBLIC NOTICE

As we have terminated the services of our salesman Mr. Bahadur A. Shroff who has henceforth no authority to represent us.

Dated this 4th day of December, 1945.

PRECIOUS ELECTRIC CO.,
Proprietors,
J. PIROJSHA & CO. (5852)

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA

TENDER NOTICE

TENDER for the purpose to appoint an Agent for running, maintaining, carrying on and working the Calcutta Tramways undertaking.

The Corporation of Calcutta intend to purchase from The Calcutta Tramways Co., Ltd., their undertaking with all tramways, plant, machinery, land, buildings, rolling stock, stores and everything connected therewith and belonging to the Company, and intend to carry on and work the undertaking through an Agent to be appointed by the Corporation of Calcutta.

For the above purpose, Tenders are invited for the appointment of such an Agent as aforesaid under the terms and conditions, copies of which may be purchased from the Keeper of Records, Calcutta Corporation.

Tenders to be submitted in duplicate, which will be received by the 2nd Deputy Executive Officer at the Central Municipal Office up to 20th December, 1945, and will be opened by him at 1-30 P.M. on that day.

M. RAY,
Secretary to the Corporation.
8-12-45. (5838)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or wholesale dealers. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (240)

Wanted Travelling Agents for Leather goods line. Apply with experience to Box No. 262, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Energetic Agents to push the sales of our ordinary and Fancy Screw Neck Glass Bottles made by Modern Machinery in our Glass Works, and also Glassware, such as Tumblers, Jars, Plates, Globes, etc. Firms already in this line need apply to:—Indus Glass Works, Hyderabad (Sind) 160

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes, Cash, write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

FINANCIAL

Few shares are still available on Hindusthan Motors Ltd. below par. Please apply Calcutta Share Dealers Ltd., 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta. (191)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Ready stock of new oil Expellers, Standard type for Sale. Correspond with Krishan c|o Santram Sahibdyal, Tamba Kanta, Bombay 3. Phone 22134. (268)

For sale one Chandler Printing Machine 15" x 10": Cutting Machine 18"; Perforating and Numbering Machines; Racks Gallies etc. Please see personally Prop. Saifee Printing Press; Dadlall. 234

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Folding Chairs—New Wooden folding Chairs, useful for household, hotels and gymkhana. Rs. 7|12|- each. Bhagvati & Co., Whiteaway Bldg., 3rd Floor, Hornby Road, Bombay. (263)

For sale—Infra Red Medical Lamps-Invaluable apparatus for the cold season and the best remedy for diseases and ailments—Floor model Rs. 243/-. Table model Rs. 183/-. Hand model Rs. 92/-. All 230 volts. Apply Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. 249

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

Directorate General of Disposals
(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the following stores available at Bombay or Calcutta.

	Location	Stores	Quantity	
1.	DGMP Stores, Bombay	Mazak Alloy ingots	175 tons	Mazak Alloy contains (zinc 96% approx. Aluminium 4% approx.)
2.	DGMP stores Bombay	Mazak Alloy Ingot III	70 tons	
3.	4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta	Mazak Alloy Ingot	130 tons	
4.	4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta	Mazak Alloy Scrap	25 tons	
5.	Bombay	Mazak Alloy pigged from Scrap	78 tons	

2. The goods will be sold subject to the conditions of the contract laid down in form Con. 117 which can be seen at the office of the Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

3. The stores can be inspected at site on permits to be issued by Director of Disposals, New Delhi on request.

4. Offers in tenderer's own form in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. DGD/SR-2743/N.F.R." should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500/- deposited as earnest money in the Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, New Delhi.

5. Tender should reach Director of Disposals, Shahjehan Road, New Delhi by 4 P.M. on 27-12-45.

6. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 15-1-46

7. Delivery of the stores will be ex site and removal should be completed by 30-1-46.

8. Tenderers are at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. 5842

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Department of Food (Division III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase.
TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Department of Food (Division III) Jamnagar House, New Delhi, invites tenders for supplies of edible groundnuts with shells roasted and unroasted as detailed below:—

ARTICLE	QUANTITY TONS	TENDER NO.
1. Edible groundnuts roasted (with shells)	350	Q|901.
2. Edible groundnuts unroasted (with shells)	100	

Application for tender forms would be received upto 1 P.M. on 29-12-1945.

The price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 8|- (Rupees eight only), which is not refundable. Tender forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by money order only, to the Chief Director of Purchase, New Delhi, quoting the tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 P.M. on 7-1-1946.

Applicants not already on the Food Department's list of approved contractors must state in their applications for tender forms, the name or names of their bankers. (5833)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male candidates to fill a post of Junior Engineer for Development of Electricity Supply in this Province. The appointment will be made in the first instance on contract for a period of three years and pay will be fixed according to qualifications between Rs. 350/- and Rs. 600/- per month. Qualifications—A recognised degree or diploma in Electrical Engineering or Civil Engineering with at least five years' practical experience in an Electrical Engineering Workshop or an Electrical Power Station. Age —25 to 35 years on the 1st January 1946. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling, personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH A NINE PIES STAMP affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 2nd January 1946. (All correspondence after the 19th December 1945 should be addressed to the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, ANDERSON HOUSE, Alipore, (Calcutta). 5846

G. I. P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, invites sealed tenders upto 15.00 hours on 2-1-1946 for earthwork in formation of certain diversion works in the Bhore Ghat between Karjat & Lonavla for the purpose of REMOVAL OF INFRINGEMENTS. Forms and conditions of tender can be had on payment of Rs. 2/- by money order. Drawings can be perused on any working day in the office of the Chief Engineer. The approximate estimated cost of the work is Rs. 3 lakhs. 5819

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS for the work of "Extension of R.C.C. Bridge over Banas River in mile 51-52 of Nasirabad, Deoli Road in Ajmer-Merwara," will be received upto 21st December, 1945 instead of 14th December as advertised previously.

Amended Estimate cost Rs. 1,92,000
Earnest money Rs. 10,000

R. N. MOOKERJEE,
Executive Engineer,
Ajmer Central Division
Central P.W.D., Ajmer 5830

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
REVISED TIMINGS OF THROUGH TRAINS

On and from 15th December, 1945, departures and arrivals of Through trains at Bombay Central will be as shown below:

	Departures. H.M.	Arrivals. H.M.
Kathiawar Express	7-45	20-20
Baroda Passenger	8-25	15-45
Frontier Mail	17-40	11-50
Kathiawar Mail	18-45	10-20
Gujarat Mail	19-25	8-30
Delhi Express	20-0	7-0
Ahmedabad Passenger	20-30	6-0

(5835)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay for the clerical posts in the office of the Executive Officer, Regional Transport Authority, Bombay.

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS:—Matriculation of the Bombay University or any other equivalent Examination.

Age not less than 18 years and not more than 25 years at the time of appointment.

Scale of pay:—Rs. 50-5|2-90 plus dearness allowance admissible.

Intending applicants should personally call with applications in their own hand-writing, together with two character certificates from any respectable persons of position at the office of the Executive Officer, Regional Transport Authority, Gymnasium Road, Bombay, at 10-30 A.M. on Monday the 17th December, 1945.

Preference will be given to the candidates knowing typing.

E. SHEEHY,
Dy. Commissioner of Police, Motor Vehicles & Taxation, & Regional Transport Officer, Bombay.

Regional Transport Office, Gymnasium Road, off Cruickshank Road, Bombay. (5854)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of a Stenographer in the office of the Provincial Motor Transport Controller, Secretariat, Bombay, on Rs. 110/- per mensem in the scale of Rs. 110-5-185, plus Dearness allowance admissible. The candidate must be a Matriculate of the Bombay or any recognized university. He must have a shorthand speed of atleast 110 words per minute and typing speed of 35 to 40 words per minute. He must have a domicile in the province of Bombay and must be below 25 years of age on the day of appointment. Applications with copies of testimonials should be sent to the undersigned before 16th December 1945.

(Sd.) W. H. WHITFIELD,
Dy. Provincial Motor Transport Controller. 5848

WANTED

WANTED CANDIDATES to fill temporary appointments of typist in the Finance Department (Supply). Minimum qualification:—Speed 30 words per minute.

Pay scale according to speed:

Speed per minute	Pay per month.
30 words,	Rs. 50|- plus Rs. 22|- D.A.
35 „	Rs. 60|- „ „ „ „
50 „	Rs. 70|- „ „ „ „

Applications may be brought personally or forwarded so as to reach the undersigned not later than 20th December, 1945.

R. R. RANA,
Establishment Officer,
Finance Department (Supply). (5849)

B. B. & C. I. RY.

Mr. G. E. CUFFE, B.A. (Cantab), till recently Director General of Railways, Calcutta Area, has taken over charge of the office of General Manager, B B & C. I. Railway, from Mr W. R Maunder, with effect from the afternoon of Saturday, the 8th December, 1945. 5832

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CROWN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy Nos. 339.085 & 342.111 on the life of Mr. Bachubhai alias Vraj Pal Maneklal Shah, duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

Date 11 Dec. 1945.

T. W. BROUGH,
Manager for India & Ceylon.
Fazalbhoy Building,
Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay. (5843)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firm of Laxmi Textile Works doing business at Vikroli, as printers of artificial silk etc. subsisting between Rajpal Harichand, Jagdishchand Harichand, Brikampal Harichand, Menghraj Premchand and Udharam Harchandral is dissolved by mutual consent on 30th November 1945. My clients Rajpal Harichand, Jagdishchand Harichand and Brikampal Harichand have now no connection whatsoever with the said Mengraj Premchand and Udharam Harchandral.

Bombay dated this 12th day of December, 1945.

(Sd.) B. ANANDILAL RATADIYA
B.A., LL.B.,
Advocate for Rajpal Harichand,
Jagdishchand Harichand and Brikampal Harichand.

Round Bldg., Picket Road, Bombay No. 2. 5845

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass boring quality No. 1. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 28-12-1945 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). 5841

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE EASTERN FEDERAL UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Power of Attorney granted by the Company in favour of Madhavdas Dharamdas Shethna, Chief Agent, Bombay Branch of the Company, has been CANCELLED as from 1st December, 1945.

M. A. ANSARI,
Ag. Branch Manager

Bombay 1st December, 1945. 5844

1-WEEK DANTON SHORTHAND

Only 4 rules. 6 easy Lessons. First Lesson Free: Danton Shorthand School, (St. Albans), New Road, Post Box 43, Delhi 8.

Available at all Stores and Chemists.
BOMBAY DEPOT
277, Visvas Bhuvan, Matunga.

AUCTION SALES

A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO MAHRAJAS, MILLIONAIRES, AND INVESTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "CHATEAU PETIT" AT WARDEN RD., OPP. MAFATLAL PARK.

Under instructions from Mr. Dhunjibhoy Bomanji Petit, Mr. Ardeshir Hormusji Wadia, The Central Bank Executor and Trustee Co. Ltd., and Mr. Burjor Sorabshaw Aga, the Trustees of the Deed of Settlement dated 1st August, 1913, executed by the late Seth Bomanji Dinshaw Petit, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 20th December, 1945 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises

All that piece of Pension and Tax tenure land (cess whereof has been redeemed) with a large Bungalow and messuage tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon known as "Chateau Petit" and situate at Warden Road, admeasuring about according to the Trust Deed dated 1st August 1913 about 21,149 sq. yds. and according to the Collector's records about 20,991 sq. yds., bearing Collector's Old No. 701, New No. 3180, Old Survey No. 81, New Survey No. 7104, and assessed by the Municipality under "D" Ward No. 3626, St. Nos. 45-47, and bounded on the North by the property of Bai Jaijee Bomanji Jassawala, on the East partly by the property of Maneckji Dadabhoy Lawyer and partly by the property now or late of Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit Baronet, on the South by a private passage leading to Lawyer's Agiary and on the West by Warden Road.

This plot is suitable as a Palatial Bungalow, a Colony, or a Sanatorium. Open for inspection from the 13th inst. between 11 to 1 and 3 to 5 P.M. (S.T.).

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Merwanji Kola & Co., Attorneys for the Vendor or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

THIS IS NOT A PROSPECTUS BUT AN ADVERTISEMENT ONLY

Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule 94 (A). It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any scheme or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN ON THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1945, AND WILL NOT BE CLOSED AT A DATE EARLIER THAN THE 17TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1945

GADODIA BANK LIMITED.

Authorised Capital ..... Rs. 20,00,000

Divided into 20,000 shares of Rs. 100/- each.

Issued subscribed and paid up before April 1945	Rs.	6,00,000
Further Issue of Capital with the consent of the Government of India	Rs.	4,00,000
	Rs.	10,00,000

The total Issued Capital of Rs. 10,00,000 is divided into 10,000 shares of Rs. 100/- each. Out of the above issue, 7,194 shares of Rs. 100/- each have been allotted from time to time and the balance of 2,806 shares of Rs. 100/- each are now offered to the public.

Full amount is payable on application.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Seth L. N. GADODIA, Managing Director & Chairman of Board of Directors.

Seth R. G. GADODIA, Deputy Managing Director.

Mr. BANWARILAL GADODIA.

Mr. DEO SHARMA.

The Hon'ble Mr. GOVINDLAL SHIVLAL MOTILAL.

The Company has been formed to carry on Banking business in all its offices in India, Indian States and abroad as may from time to time be determined by the Company and as set out in the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

Application for shares should be made in the form accompanying the prospectus which has been filed with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay, and which may be obtained on application from the Registered Office of the Company at Gadodia Buildings, 235, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2 and any of its Branches and should be forwarded with the full application moneys to the Registered Office of the Company or to any of its Branches.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.